Index for Volume 51 (2002)

COMPILED BY JOE MADIA

12S rDNA, 615, 618, 947–948, 951
12S rRNA, 4–6, 8–10, 44, 47, 49, 51–52, 59, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 425, 431, 513–514, 516, 519, 589, 613
16S rDNA, 22–29, 262, 618, 697, 700
16S rRNA, 4–6, 8, 10, 44, 47–49, 52, 66, 432–449, 613
18S rDNA, 92, 97–100, 102, 106–110,193, 454–456, 473, 615, 638–639, 697, 700, 703–714, 761–785, 836–837
18S RNA, 613
19S rDNA, 697, 700
28S rDNA, 22–29, 193, 450, 452, 454–456, 460–461, 473
28S rRNA, 787, 791, 796, 798–799, 801
45S rDNA, 94

Aburria, 947, 949, 953–955
  aburria, 948
Absyrtus sp., 476
Acacia
  koa, 298
  myrsine, 298
Acaenitinae, 475
Acampsis alternipes, 475
Acanthormiinae, 475
Acanthormius sp., 475
Acanthus, 210
Accurate trees, 153
Acer, 451
Acoelomorpha, 192
Acokanthera, 391, 403
  oblongifolia, 393
Acropimpla sp., 477
Actinoptergyii, 37–38
Aculeata, 451, 477
Adams consensus
  method, 372, 376–377
  tree, 374
Adaptive radiation, 113–135
Adeliinae, 473
Adelius, 453
  sp., 473
Adelognathinae, 475
Adelognathus sp., 475
Adenium, 391, 404
  obesum, 393
Aerophilus sp., 473
African green monkeys, 530
Aganosma, 391, 404–405
marginata, 393
Agapetus, 386–387
Agapophytinae, 846, 849
Agapow, Paul-Michael and Andy Purvis, Power of eight tree shape statistics to detect nonrandom diversification: a comparison of simulation of two models of cladogenesis, 866–872
Agapow, Paul-Michael, *see* Purvis, Andy, 844–854
Agaricales, 836
Agathaphaga, 386
Agathidinae, 452–453, 473
Agathidini, 453
Agathiella sp., 473
Agathis, 828–831
  atropurpurea, 828–829
  australis, 827–831
  borneensis, 828
  cobassonii, 828
  dammara, 828, 830
  labillardieri, 828–829
  lanceolata, 828
  macrophyll, 828
  microstachya, 828–829
  montana, 473, 828
  moorei, 828
  obtusa, 828
  ovata, 828
  robusta, 828–829
  seymouricum, 828–829
  sp. Salisb., 828
  vitensis, 828
Agelaius phoeniceus, 601, 613
Aggrecan, 930–945
Agrioptypinae, 452
Agrypon
  sp., 475
  varitarsum, 475
Akaike Information Criterion (AIC), 4–18, 742, 829
Akaike weights, 7, 9, 14–15
Alabagrus
  haenschi, 473
  pachamama, 473
  parvifaciatus, 473
  stigma, 473
  sp., 473
Alafia, 404
Alasmidonta
  marginata, 269
  varicose, 269
Albumin, 38, 40, 42
Alexeter sp., 476
Allamanda, 391, 402–403
  cathartica, 393
Alleles, 71, 242–243, 247, 263, 529, 574, 577, 788
Alligator, 512, 599
  American, 601–603, 607, 610, 616

Index for Volume 51 (2002)

COMPILED BY JOE MADIA

12S rDNA, 615, 618, 947–948, 951
12S rRNA, 4–6, 8–10, 44, 47, 49, 51–52, 59, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 425, 431, 513–514, 516, 519, 589, 613
16S rDNA, 22–29, 262, 618, 697, 700
16S rRNA, 4–6, 8, 10, 44, 47–49, 52, 66, 432–449, 613
18S rDNA, 92, 97–100, 102, 106–110,193, 454–456, 473, 615, 638–639, 697, 700, 703–714, 761–785, 836–837
18S RNA, 613
19S rDNA, 697, 700
28S rDNA, 22–29, 193, 450, 452, 454–456, 460–461, 473
28S rRNA, 787, 791, 796, 798–799, 801
45S rDNA, 94

Aburria, 947, 949, 953–955
  aburria, 948
Absyrtus sp., 476
Acacia
  koa, 298
  myrsine, 298
Acaenitinae, 475
Acampsis alternipes, 475
Acanthormiinae, 475
Acanthormius sp., 475
Acanthus, 210
Accurate trees, 153
Acer, 451
Acoelomorpha, 192
Acokanthera, 391, 403
  oblongifolia, 393
Acropimpla sp., 477
Actinoptergyii, 37–38
Aculeata, 451, 477
Adams consensus
  method, 372, 376–377
  tree, 374
Adaptive radiation, 113–135
Adeliinae, 473
Adelius, 453
  sp., 473
Adelognathinae, 475
Adelognathus sp., 475
Adenium, 391, 404
  obesum, 393
Aerophilus sp., 473
African green monkeys, 530
Aganosma, 391, 404–405
marginata, 393
Agapetus, 386–387
Agapophytinae, 846, 849
Agapow, Paul-Michael and Andy Purvis, Power of eight tree shape statistics to detect nonrandom diversification: a comparison of simulation of two models of cladogenesis, 866–872
Agapow, Paul-Michael, *see* Purvis, Andy, 844–854
Agaricales, 836
Agathaphaga, 386
Agathidinae, 452–453, 473
Agathidini, 453
Agathiella sp., 473
Agathis, 828–831
  atropurpurea, 828–829
  australis, 827–831
  borneensis, 828
  cobassonii, 828
  dammara, 828, 830
  labillardieri, 828–829
  lanceolata, 828
  macrophyll, 828
  microstachya, 828–829
  montana, 473, 828
  moorei, 828
  obtusa, 828
  ovata, 828
  robusta, 828–829
  seymouricum, 828–829
  sp. Salisb., 828
  vitensis, 828
Agelaius phoeniceus, 601, 613
Aggrecan, 930–945
Agrioptypinae, 452
Agrypon
  sp., 475
  varitarsum, 475
Akaike Information Criterion (AIC), 4–18, 742, 829
Akaike weights, 7, 9, 14–15
Alabagrus
  haenschi, 473
  pachamama, 473
  parvifaciatus, 473
  stigma, 473
  sp., 473
Alafia, 404
Alasmidonta
  marginata, 269
  varicose, 269
Albumin, 38, 40, 42
Alexeter sp., 476
Allamanda, 391, 402–403
  cathartica, 393
Alleles, 71, 242–243, 247, 263, 529, 574, 577, 788
Alligator, 512, 599
  American, 601–603, 607, 610, 616

Alligator mississippiensis, 601, 613, 616
Allocorynini, 764
Alloecella, 386
Allosmerus, 433, 448
Allozyme, 77, 382, 411, 423–426
Alomya debellator, 475
Alomyinae, 475
Alopias, 584
  pelagicus, 578
  superciliosus, 577–578
Alsinidendron, 281, 294
Alstonia, 391, 402
  scholaris, 393
Alstonieae, 391, 399
Alternative cladogram, 372
Altolamprologus
  calvus, 115, 124
  compressiceps, 115
Alyxia, 391, 403
  ruscifolia, 393
Alyxieae, 391, 396, 399, 401–403
Amaranthaceae, 284, 296
Ambelanieae, 401
Ambiguity, 369–381
Ambiguous characters, 829
Amicrocentrinae, 452
Amino acid-based models, 738
Amniota, 364, 367, 824
Amniotes, 364, 366–367, 822, 825
Ampeloglypter, 768, 785
  ampelopsis, 764
Amphibia, 37–39, 257, 271, 364, 366, 822, 824, 825, 955, 980–981
Amphipsalta, 4–6, 15
  cingulata, 6
Amy, 787, 790–791, 796, 798–799
Amycterinae, 765, 785
Amycterini, 765
Anagapetus, 387
Anagenesis, 850
Analysis
  ANOSIM, 351
  Bayesian, 2–3, 41, 44–68, 162–163, 574–575, 577, 581, 617, 619–620, 693, 711, 740–741, 743, 745–749, 751, 754, 761, 790–791, 794, 801, 946, 948–849, 952, 954
  biogeographic, 649, 651
  bootstrap, 52–54, 67–68, 97, 100, 119, 417, 524, 606, 616–617, 622–623, 746, 933–934
  Bremer support, 417
  Brooks parsimony, 217
  canonical correspondence, 341
  canonical variate, 555, 561
  cladistic, 376, 392, 414, 654, 741, 762, 767, 776, 960, 965
  clocklike, 708
  combined, 369, 538, 776, 787, 796, 939
  combined-data, 424, 769
  computer-based, 344
  constate rate, 694, 701
  contingency table, 281
  continuous track, 201
  cross-species, 551
  decay, 417
  DNA, 432
  DNA sequence, 850
  empirical, 180, 184, 186–187
  genetic, 264, 436, 536
  genome, 660
  homogeneity, 351
  likelihood-mapping, 2
  lineage-level, 297
  matrix correlation, 350–351
  maximum likelihood, 2, 70, 77, 421, 620, 709–710, 740, 746, 749, 790, 797, 933, 948
  maximum parsimony, 2, 21–22, 418, 435, 441, 790
  minimum evolution, 434
  mixed-model, 19, 21–22, 28
  molecular, 769
  molecular clock, 36–37
  Markov Chain Monte Carlo, 158, 693, 700, 743, 746, 757
  morphological, 269, 401, 769
  multigene, 697, 699, 701
  multiple regression, 669
  multivariate, 555, 926
  nested-clade, 2, 69–91, 244
  nonclocklike, 708
  non-phylogenetic, 875–876
  osteological, 432
  parsimony, 151–152, 442, 418, 421, 432, 439, 525, 576, 617, 654, 746, 761, 769
  partition, 440
  phylogenetic, 1–2, 19, 23, 30, 44, 56, 63, 74–75, 81–82, 100, 118, 125, 136, 156, 193, 200, 210, 217–234, 279, 364, 369, 380, 384, 410, 416–417, 424, 536, 572, 576, 582, 620, 622–623, 667, 670, 740–741, 749, 767, 769, 829, 835, 878, 898, 901, 903–905, 946–948, 950–952
  phylogeographic, 251
  population aggregation, 76
  power, 217–234
  principal component, 555, 559, 819
  redundancy, 341
  reticulogram, 200
  sensitivity, 19–31
  shape, 817
  simulation, 183, 186
  simultaneous, 380, 417
  simple delta, 554
  single-gene, 691, 699–700
  single-tree, 847
  species-level, 299, 847, 901
  spectral, 383
  statistical, 892
  sub-tree, 667
  successive weighting, 394
  supermatrix, 659, 662
  supertree, 653–655, 657, 659, 661
  taxonomic, 900, 903
  three-dimensional, 819
  total evidence, 153–154
  two-dimensional, 819
  unit weight, 394
  weighted, 654
  weighted parsimony, 432, 436, 747–748

Analysis of color spectra in comparative evolutionary studies: molecular phylogeny and habitat adaptation in the St. Vincent anole (*Anolis trinitatis*), Roger S. Thorpe, 554–569
Analyzing developmental sequences within a phylogenetic framework, Jonathan E. Jeffery, Michael K. Richardson, Michael I. Coates, and Olaf R.P. Bininda-Emonds, 478–491
Anas platyrhynchos, 601, 613
Anchitrichia, 387
Ancyclobotrys, 391, 401
  petersiana, 393
Anderson, Jason S., Use of well-known names in phlyogenetic nomenclature: a reply to Laurin, 822–826
Anechites, 391, 403
  nerium, 393
Angielczyk, Kenneth D., Character-based method for measuring the fit of a cladogram to the fossil record; 176–191
Angiosperms, 276–302, 389, 640, 643–644, 664, 836–838, 846, 849–850, 900, 903, 905, 917, 922
  trees, 836–837
Anhima, 951
  cornuta, 947
Agnata, 711
Animals, 303, 309, 700, 841, 919–920, 922
  aquatic, 924
Annelids, 921
Annulipalpia, 386–387
Anodonta
  cataracta, 269
  grandis, 269
Anolis, 554–569, 899
  bimaculatus, 557
  conspersus, 567
  extremus, 557
  griseus, 557, 565
  oculatus, 557
  roquet, 557
  trinitatis, 554–555, 557, 560, 565, 567
Anomaloninae, 475
Anomalon sp., 475
Anomochloa, 140
ANOSIM analysis, 351
Anseriformes, 846, 849, 947, 950, 953
Antelope, 653
Anthemidae, 846, 849
Anthracosauria, 367, 824
Anthracosaurus, 824
  russelli, 824
Anthonominae, 765
Anthonomus, 768, 785
  eugenii, 765
Anthribidae, 761–764, 769, 773, 776, 779, 782, 784–785
Anthribinae, 763–764, 784
Antirrhineae, 985
Antliarhininae, 762–763, 776
Antliarhinus, 768
  zaminae, 764, 783
Ants, 354, 453
  fire, 537
  fungus-growing, 451
Anura, 846, 849
Anurans, 364, 366
Apanteles subandinus, 475
Apatania, 386
Apechoneura sp., 476
Apechthis sp., 477
Apes, 861–862
Aphandra natalia, 96
Aphelandra, 199, 210
Aphidiinae, 450, 454, 457, 463–464, 470, 473
Aphidiini, 457
Aphids, 454
Apidae, 477
Apion, 768, 785
  sp., 764
Apioninae, 762–763, 776
Apis mellifera, 477
Aplochiton, 433, 439–440, 448
  zebra, 439
Aplochitonini, 433
Apocrita, 22
Apocyneae, 391, 396–398, 404–405
Apocynaceae
  s.l., 389–409
  s.str., 390
Apocynoidina, 401–404
Apocynoideae, 390–392, 396, 402, 404
Apocynum, 391, 397–398, 403–405
  cannabinum, 393
Apodans, 364, 366
Apoderini, 764
Apoderus, 768
  giraffa, 764
Apophua bipunctoria, 476
Aporhina, 768, 785
  australis, 764
Approximately unbiased test, 492–508
Approximately unbiased test of phylogenetic tree selection, Hidetoshi Shimodaira, 492–508
Apteryx, 619–620, 976
  australis, 960
  australis australis, 972
  mantelli, 616
Aquatic
  animals, 924
  biodiversity, 255–275
Araceae, 93, 96, 100, 102
Arachnida, 711
Araucarius, 768
Archaphidius sp., 473
Araliaceae, 284
Aranaea, 711
Araucaria, 829–830
Araucariaceae, 827–831
Araucariini, 766
Araucarius minor, 766
Araucarietius, 768
  viridans, 765

Araujia, 391, 406
hortorum, 393
Archaeognatha, 512
Archeria, 824
Archontophoenicinae, 96
Arctopsyche, 386–387
Area of endemism, 648–652
Areca, 102
vestiaria, 96
Arecaceae, 92, 284
Arecinae, 96
Arecoid, 102, 107
Arecoideae, 92–93, 95, 109
Arenga, 92, 99–100, 108–109
pinnata, 95
Arensburger, Peter, *see* Buckley, Thomas R.,—
Argemone glauca var. *glauca*, 299
Argyreia, 741, 751
capitiformis, 741
nervosa, 743, 747
obtecta, 741
osyrensis, 741
splendens, 741, 749
Argyreieae, 741, 751
Aris-Brosou, Stéphane and Ziheng Yang, Effects of models of rate evolution on estimation of divergence dates with special reference to the metzoan 18S ribosomal RNA phylogeny, 703–714
Armadillidium vulgare, 512
Arrenodes minutus, 782
Arthropods, 339, 353–354, 512, 514, 516, 846, 849, 919–922, 926
Arthula sp., 476
Artiodactyla, 652–654
Asclepiadaceae, 389–392, 396, 398, 403
Asclepiadacina, 404–405
Asclepiadeae, 406–407
Asclepiadoideae, 403, 406
Asclepiadoidina, 405–407
Asclepias, 391, 397, 405–407
curassavica, 393
Ascogaster sp., 474
Asioryctes, 377
Asphodelaceae, 326
Aspidospermaeae, 401–403
Aspidosperma, 391, 401–402
triternatum, 393
Aspilodemon sp., 475
Asprotilapia leptura, 115, 124
Astacus trowbridgii, 263
Astatoreochromis, 118, 132
alluaudi, 115, 123, 131
tricoti, 127, 131
Astatotilapia, 118, 125, 127
burtoni, 115–116, 118, , 124, 127, 132
calliptera, 131
Astelioids, 846, 849
Asteraceae, 277, 283–284, 287, 293, 297, 299
Asteroidea, 711
Astripomoea, 741
malvacea, 746
Astrocaryum alatum, 96
Asynonychus, 768
cervinus, 765
ATPase6, 38, 40, 42
*atp*B, 92, 97–100, 102, 109, 638–647, 836
Ateleute sp., 476
Aterpinae, 765
Aterpini, 765
Atopsyche, 386–387
Attelabidae, 761–763, 769, 776, 779, 783, 785
Attelabinae, 763, 783
Attelabini, 764
Attelabus, 768, 785
analis, 764, 785
nitens, 785
Atteleinae, 96
Atrophini, 475
Augochlorini, 846, 849
Aulacephalodon, 190–191
Aulacocentrum, 453
sp., 474
Aulacoscelinae, 778
Auletes, 768
nebulosus, 765
Auletini, 764
Auletobius, 764, 768, 769, 776
cassandrae, 764
Aulonocranus dewindti, 115, 124
Austin, Andrew D., *see* Dowton, Mark,—
Australia, 432–449
Austrohelcon
sp. 1, 474
sp. 2, 474
Austroplatypus, 768
incompertus, 766
Austrozele, 452–453
sp., 474
Aves, 37–39, 487, 930, 946, 959
Avialae, 377
Avian (*see* also Birds)
clades, 600
evolution, 614
genomes, 603, 608, 610
lineages, 608
phylogeny, 620
tree, 512
Aythya, 619–621
americana, 616

Baboons, 534
Bacteria, 835–837, 839, 841
Bacterial evolution, 199, 214
Bactridinae, 96
Bagoinae, 765–766, 769, 777
Bagoini, 765–766, 768
Bagous
americanus, 765, 768
myriophyllae, 765, 768
Baileychromis, 117
Baissea, 391
leonensis, 393

Baker, Allan J., *see* Pereira, Sérgio L.,—
Balaka, 102
  seemanni, 96
Balance, 930–945
Balaneopterus musculus, 641
Banchinae, 452, 475
Banchini, 476
Banchus volutatorius, 476
Baridinae, 764, 769, 777
Barker, F. Keith and François M. Lutzoni, Utility of the incongruence length difference test, 625–637
Baric, Sanja, *see* Salzburger, Walter,—
Barnadesioideae, 846, 849
Barn swallow, 601
Basal
  characters, 179
  clades, 75
Bassus
  sp. 1, 473
  sp. 2, 473
  sp. 3, 473
Bathybates ferox, 125
  sp., 115
Bathybathini, 115–117, 123, 126, 129
Bathyergidae, 847, 849
Bats, 354, 861–862
Baum/Regan method, 136, 139, 141–144, 146–147
Bayes
  approach, 703, 707, 713
  averaging methods, 705
  estimates, 708–709, 711
  factors, 8, 12–13, 161, 163–164
  model, 709, 711
  rule, 157, 163
  theorem, 704, 754
Bayesian
  analysis, 2–3, 41, 44–68, 162–163, 510, 513, 617, 619–620, 623, 693, 711–713, 740–741, 743, 745–749, 751, 754, 761, 790–791, 794, 801, 946, 948–949, 952, 954
  approach, 690, 700, 704, 709, 712, 741, 749, 751
  calculations, 754
  clocklike model, 711
  compromise, 696
  consensus tree, 790, 794, 796, 800
  equations, 754
  estimation, 32–43, 769
  framework, 510, 696, 704, 706–707, 887
  inference, 41, 44–45, 59, 163, 451, 712, 767, 769, 790
  information criteria (BIC), 503
  methods, 1–2, 4, 41–42, 509, 520, 689, 729, 733, 738, 740–742, 746, 749, 754, 757–758
  model, 755
  phylogenetic analysis, 742
  phylogenetic inference, 740, 754–760
  phylogenetics, 2, 570, 574
  posterior probability, 503
  search, 797
  statistics, 4–18, 509–523, 735, 740–753
  techniques, 1, 690, 754
  tests, 510
  trees, 53, 954
Bayesian analysis, data combinability, tree rooting, nodal support, species': radiations, supertrees, and phylogenetic uncertainty, Chris Simon, 1–3
Bazin, Eric, *see* Legendre, Pierre,—
Beaumontia, 391
  grandiflora, 393
Beccariophoenicinae, 96
Beccariophoenix madagascariensis, 96
Beetles, 333, 339, 354, 594
  longhorn, 778
  plant–feeding, 761
Begle's data matrix, 433
Belidae, 761–764, 769, 776–777, 769, 785
Belinae, 763–764, 772
Belini, 764
Belshaw, Robert and Donald L.J. Quicke, Robustness of ancestral state estimates: evolution of life history strategy in ichneumonoid parasitoids, 450–477
Bentinckia, 99–100, 109
  nicobarica, 96
Bentonia
  sp. 1, 475
  sp. 2, 475
  sp. 3, 475
Bertelli, Sara, Norberto P. Giannini, and Pablo A. Goloboff, Phylogeny of the Tinamous (aves: palaeognathiformes) based on integumentary characters, 959–979
Bethochromis tricoti, 115, 124, 127, 131
Bethylidae, 477
Betula, 941
Bidens, 277
Bifurcating tree (see also binary tree), 33, 867–868, 879
Bill characters, 961, 969
Binary
  characters, 151, 525
  reductive characters, 442, 449
  tree (see also bifurcating tree), 202
Bininda-Emonds, Olaf R.P., *see* Jeffery, Jonathan E.,—
Binodoxys acalephae, 473
Biodiversity, 235–236, 238–254, 299, 303–316, 317–318, 321–322, 325, 328, 331–363, 833–834, 841, 889–897, 899
  aquatic, 255–275
  crayfish, 260
Biodiversity: the interface between systematics and conservation, V.A. Funk, A.K. Sakai, and K. Richardson, 235–237
Biogeographic
  analysis, 649, 651
  history, 199–216
Biogeography, 155, 199–201, 203, 207, 276–302, 432, 648–652, 806–816, 899, 980
Bioinformatics, 599–613
Biotic
  elements, 648–652
  seed dispersal, 917–929
Birch, 941

Birds, 247, 257, 271, 280, 283, 291–292, 297, 354, 487, 512–513, 516, 519, 594, 599–601, 606–608, 614, 622–623, 840, 937, 950–951, 955, 959–960, 970
extant, 614
flightless, 599–600, 959
paleognathous, 614
passerines, 919
perching, 601, 614
phylogeny, 512, 835
pollination, 300
Birth and death process, 704, 706–708
Birth–death
model, 881–882, 887
trees, 885
Blacinae, 473
Black flies, 269
Blacus
sp. 1, 473
sp. 1, 473
Boerhavia, 282
Bollback, Jonathan P., *see* Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Bombyliidae, 846, 849
Bonasa, 930, 933–936, 941
bonasia, 931, 933–934, 941–942, 944
sewerzowi, 932–934, 941–942, 944
umbellus, 934, 941, 944
Bonferroni
adjustment, 913
corrected *P*-value, 793–794, 798–799
correction, 560, 798–799, 908, 911
procedure, 912
Bony fishes, 512
Bookstein coordinates, 820–821
Bootstrap, 71, 74, 436, 457, 527, 947, 949
analysis, 52–54, 59, 67–68, 97, 100, 119, 417, 524, 606, 616–617, 623, 933–934
consensus trees, 790, 795
estimates, 417
frequencies, 392
multiscale, 492–508
nonparametric, 7, 44–45, 49, 81, 495, 748, 751, 794
parametric, 418, 509–523, 738, 829
probability test, 492, 495
proportions, 421, 524, 746, 748–749
replicates, 421, 424, 493, 495, 498, 507, 602, 617, 659, 793
resampling, 495
samples, 353
sampling, 746
support, 125, 127, 148, 394, 403, 436, 442, 557, 603, 620, 622–623, 745, 749, 793, 797, 802, 935, 939
techniques, 4
value, 59, 81, 140, 461, 608, 748–749, 769, 772, 790, 931, 939
weighted, 394
Boraginaceae, 282
Boraginales, 397
Borasseae, 93, 95, 106, 110
Borassus, 99–100, 109
flabellifera, 95
Borneo, 898–907
Bos taurus, 503, 641
Boulengerochromis microlepsis, 114–115, 125, 129
Bovids, 436, 899
Brachistini, 453, 474
Brachycerinae, 762, 776
Brachycyrtinae, 476
Brachycyrtus sp., 476
Brachygalaxias, 433
bullocki, 434
Brachynervus sp., 475
Braconidae, 452, 455–457, 460–461, 463–464, 466, 469–470, 475
Braconids, 452–453, 455, 460
Braconinae, 475
Branchiosaurs, 823
Branch length, 6, 33, 35, 37, 50, 88, 157–158, 204, 212, 218, 251, 450, 458, 510, 513–514, 521, 537, 543, 549, 557, 589, 617, 627–629, 633, 635, 659, 691, 704–705, 733, 741–743, 745–748, 797, 833, 835–843, 868, 874–876, 879, 881, 891, 905, 915, 933
estimates, 695, 697
Branch support (see also Bootstrapping, Clade support, Decay, Posterior probability), 654, 660
Branch-swapping,
NNI, 576, 589, 594
TBR, 7, 49, 97–98, 138–139, 417–418, 455–456, 513, 518, 525, 575, 590, 617–618, 654, 769, 772, 790, 829, 965, 968
Brassicaceae, 282
Braun, Edward L. and Rebecca T. Kimball, Examining basal avian divergences with mitochondrial sequences: model complexity, taxon sampling, and sequence length, 614–624
Braunsia, 461
sp. 1, 473
sp. 2, 473
Bray–Curtis measure, 339
Bray, R.A., *see* Littlewood, D.T.,—
Bremer, Birgitta, *see* Sennblad, Bengt,—
Bremer support (see also decay index, decay), 417, 421, 424, 965–967, 970
Brentidae, 761–764, 769, 772, 776, 778–779, 785
Broken-stick model, 899
Bronchus sp., 765, 768
Brooks parsimony analysis, 217
Broscini, 846, 849
Brownian
evolution, 868
motion, 873–874
Brown kiwi, 960
Bruchinae, 778
Brulleia, 453
sp. 1, 474
Brysopterix, 387
Buckley, Thomas R., Model misspecification and probabilistic tests of topology: evidence from empirical data sets, 509–523
Buckley, Thomas R., Peter Arensburger, Chris Simon, and Geoffrey K. Chambers, Combined data,

Bayesian phylogenetics, and the origin of the New Zealand cicada genera, 4–18
Buckley, Thomas R., *see* Miller, Richard E.,—
Building supertrees: an empirical assessment using the grass family (Poaceae), Nicolas Salamin, Trevor R. Hodkinson, and Vincent Savolainen, 136–150
Burg, Theresa M., *see* Martin, Andrew P.,—
Burretokentia hapala, 96
Butiinae, 96
Butterflies, 333

C_4 photosynthesis, 917–929
Cactospiza, 889
Caddisflies, 385
Caecilians, 822–823
Caegnathidae, 376
Caenagnathidae, 377
Caenominurus, 764, 768, 769, 783, 785
topali, 764, 776, 785
Caenota, 386
Caiman crocodilus, 616
Cairina moschata, 601, 613
Calameae, 95
Calamineae, 95
Calamoid, 106
Calamoideae, 92–93, 95, 100, 102, 107, 109
Calamus, 97
caesius, 95
Calectasia, 94
Calenduleae, 846–847
Callichilia, 401
Callirhopalus, 768
bifasciatus, 764
Callochromis macrops, 115
Calotropis, 391, 406
procera, 393
Calvertius, 768
tuberosus, 765
Calypogeia, 700
Calyptrocalyx sp., 96
Calyptronoma occidentalis, 96
Camarhynchus, 889
Camarotinae, 765
Camarotus sp., 765, 768
Camberriini, 470
Cambrian, 703, 711, 921–922
Camelidae, 654, 659–660
Camels, 653
Cameraria, 391, 402
latifolia, 393
Cameron, Sydney A. and James B. Whitfield, Molecular evolution: a phylogenetic approach, (rev.), 536–538
Camin–Sokal
parsimony, 442
phylogenetic tree, 208
Campanulaceae, 276, 282–284, 287, 293, 297, 299
Campopleginae, 454, 467, 476
Canalicephalus, 452, 454
sp., 474
Canary, 601, 603
Candidate tree, 504, 521
Canonical
correspondence analysis (CCA), 341
variate analysis, 555, 561
Cape Floral Kingdom, 317–330
Capitonius sp., 473
Car, 776
condensatus, 785
Carcharhinus, 574, 576, 584
Carcharodon, 576
Cardueae, 846–847
Caridae, 761–764, 769, 772, 776–777
Cardiochiles fuscipennis, 473
Cardiochilinae, 453, 473
Carinae, 762–764, 776
Carissa, 391, 401
bispinosa, 393
Carisseae, 391, 401–403
Carlia rubigularis, 248
Carlininae, 846–847
Carnivores, 861–862, 899
Carnivora, 377
Carphodactylus laevis, 247
Carpodacus mexicanus, 601, 613
Cartilaginous fishes, 512
Carvalhoa, 391, 401
campanulata, 393
Caryophyllaceae, 277, 282–284, 287, 294, 297
Caryota, 92, 99–100, 108–109
mitis, 95
Caryoteae, 92–93, 95, 99–100, 106–110
Caryotoid, 92–93, 100, 108–110
Casuarius, 619–620
casuarius, 616
Catfish, 114
Catharanthus, 390–391, 401
roseus, 393
Catocola, 386–387
cDNA, 600, 787–788
Cenocoeliinae, 454, 464, 467, 473
Cenocoelius
analis, 473
artseni, 473
Centistes
gasseni, 474
sp., 474
Centrocercus, 930, 934–937, 939, 941
minimus, 932, 934, 936–937, 939, 942, 944
urophasianus, 936–937, 942, 944
Cephalochordata, 711
Cephalonomia stephanoderis, 477
Cephalophyllum, 326
anemoniflora, 326
Cephalopod, 920–922, 926
molluscs, 919
Ceraclea, 387
Cerambycid, 453
Cerambycidae, 763, 778
Ceratosauria, 376

Cerbera, 391, 402
venenifera, 393
Cerberiopsis, 403
Ceropegia, 391, 406
woodii, 393
Ceropegieae, 391, 396, 407
Ceroxyleae, 95
Ceroxyloideae, 92–93, 95, 99, 107–109
Cestode trees, 193
Cetacea, 652–654, 660–661
Cetorhinus, 584
maximus, 578
Ceutorhynchiae, 765, 769, 777
Chachalacas, 946–949, 951–952, 954–955
Chaenopsidae, 846–847
Chaetastus, 768, 785
montanus, 766
Chalup, Adrianna E., *see* Szumik, Claudia A.,—
Chamaesyce, 297, 299
celastroides, 282
celastroides var. *lorifolia*, 299
skottsbergi var. *skottsbergi*, 293, 298
Chamaedorea, 100
seifrizii, 95
Chamaerops humilis, 95
Chambers, Geoffrey K., *see* Buckley, Thomas R.,—
Chambeyronia macrocarpa, 96
Chamaepetes, 947, 952–955
gaudotti, 948
Chan, Kai M.A. and Brian R. Moore, Whole-tree methods for detecting differential diversification rates, 855–865
Characters,
allozyme, 77
ambiguous, 829
anagenetic, 179
basal, 179
bill, 961, 969
binary, 151, 525
binary reductive, 442, 449
cladogenic, 179, 183, 186
complex, 439
compromised, 392
congruence, 24–25, 29, 153
Consistency Ratio, 3, 177–181, 183–188
continuous, 543
diagnostic, 82, 85, 89
DNA, 458
evolution, 46, 136, 374
four-state, 525
genitalic, 4
indel, 767, 769, 772
individual, 652
informative, 418, 800
irreversible, 142–143, 146
integumentary, 959–979
larval, 762, 777, 785
leg, 961, 969
lepospondyls, 823
macromorphological, 741
mapping, 478–491
meristic, 81, 84
Mickevich–Farris, 417
microsporophyll, 828
misidentified, 180
missing, 370, 788
molecular, 600
morphological, 19, 26, 76–77, 94, 108, 180, 193, 382, 399–400, 438–441, 452, 600, 614, 661, 761, 776–777, 786, 802, 910
morphometric, 81, 84
nodal, 654, 657
nucleotide, 767
ordered, 481
osteological, 364
palynological, 741
parsimony-informative, 2, 52, 77, 84, 107, 392, 460, 796
permuted, 626
phenotypic, 801
phylogenetic, 414, 416
phylogenetically informative, 417
plesiomorphic, 404
polymorphic, 74, 84
potentially informative, 767
pupal, 762
qualitative, 84
quantitative, 74, 81
randomized, 633
reductive, 442, 449
relevant, 370
sampling, 2, 79
state, 166, 174–175, 176–179, 182–184, 187, 371, 482, 485, 524–526, 625, 633, 965
stratigraphic, 166–169, 171, 174–175
synapomorphic, 404
taxonomic, 904
transformation, 432–449
uninformative, 772
unitary, 555, 564
weighted, 769
Character-based measures of fit, 176–191
Character-based method for measuring the fit of a cladogram to the fossil record, Kenneth D. Angielczyk, 176–191
Charleston, M.A. and D.L. Robertson, Preferential host switching by primate lentiviruses can account for phylogenetic similarity with the primate phylogeny, 528–535
Chase, Mark W., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Charmon, 466
sp., 473
Charmontinae, 452–453, 473
Charops sp., 476
Chathamiidae, 387
Chauna, 951
torquata, 947
Cheetahs, 537
Chelonia mydas, 616
Cheloninae, 453, 474
Chelonus, 473

sp. 1, 474
sp. 2, 474
sp. 3, 474
Chelydontops, 190–191
Chelyocarpus repens, 95
Chicken, 487–488, 600–601, 616
Chicks, 969
Chilian Tinamou, 601
Chilocarpus, 391
suaveolens, 393
Chimpanzee, 158–159, 163, 528, 708–710
common, 707
pygmy, 707
Chiroptera, 377
Chi-squares tests, 432
Chlorella, 383
Chloroplast gene, 383
Cholini, 765
Cholus, 768
tesselatus, 765
Chonemorpha, 405
Choraginae, 784
Chordata, 711
Chordate, 711
evolution, 572
Choreopraon totarae, 473
Chriodes, 454
sp., 476
Chrozophoreae, 846–847
Chrysemys picta, 616
Chrysochloridae, 661
Chrysolopus, 768
spectabilis, 765
Chrysomelidae, 778–779
Chrysomeloidea, 762–763, 782
Chrysopophthorus sp., 474
Cibirhiza, 406
Cicadas, 4–18
Cicadetta, 6
Cicadettini, 5–6
Cichlidae, 113–135
Cichlid fish, 2, 113–114, 116–118, 123, 127, 133
Ciconia, 619–620
boyciana, 616
Ciconiinae, 846–847
Cimberidinae, 763–764
Cisaris sp., 476
Cistecephalus, 190–191
Clade Concordance Index, 373–374
Clades, 73–74, 77, 110, 147, 159, 176, 183, 364, 367, 394, 396, 402–403, 405, 410–411, 418, 420, 424–426, 450, 452, 454, 467, 503, 529, 533, 577, 599, 620, 623, 745, 748, 750, 768–769, 777, 779, 787, 830, 833, 840–841, 849, 879, 881, 883–885, 890–892, 894–895, 898–899, 901–905, 910, 915, 917, 921, 926, 931, 936, 939, 941, 951–952, 968
basal, 75
credibility values, 745–746
cyclostome, 452, 461, 475
euphoroid, 453, 465–468
helconoid, 453, 460–461, 465–469
koinobiont, 452, 457
macrocentroid, 465–468
morphology-based, 75
nested, 79
novel, 153–154
support, 740, 742, 745
Cladistic
analysis, 376, 414, 741, 762, 767, 776
systematics, 242
Cladistics, 166–176, 987
analysis, 960, 965
Cladogenesis, 614, 835–843, 850, 855–865, 866
Cladogram, 167, 169, 171, 174, 176–178, 182, 184–185, 188, 192, 199, 370, 374, 438, 443, 639, 762, 772, 969
alternative, 372
area, 648, 651–652
element, 651
taxon, 648, 651
Claseinae, 452
Classification, 364–369, 389–409
Classification of Apocynaceae s.l. according to a new approach combining linnaean and phylogenetic taxonomy, Bengt Sennblad and Birgitta Bremer, 389–409
Cleome spinosa, 282–283
Clermontia peleana ssp. peleana, 282
Clock model (see also Molecular clock), 755
Clyde, William C. *see* Finarelli, John A.,—
C-myc, 38, 40, 42
Cnemogonini, 765
Cnidarians, 921
cnr1, 589
Coalescent model, 881
Coates, Michael I., *see* Jeffery, Jonathan E.,—
Cocculus orbiculatus, 295
Coccygidium sp., 473
Cockroaches, 512
Cocoeae, 96, 100, 102, 110
Cocos nucifera, 96
Coding method, 174–175
Codons, 733, 736
Codon-based models, 737–738
Coelomys, 410–431
Coelurus, 376
Coevolution, 217–234, 528–535, 537
Coevolutionary model, 232
Coelacanth, 711
Coleoptera, 453–454, 761, 813
Collections data, 303–316
Collembola, 512, 711
Colless's
imbalance, 891
index, 844, 866, 910
Collyria coxator, 476
Collyriinae, 476
Color spectrum, 554–569
Colpotrochia cincta, 476
Columba livia, 601, 613
Combined analysis (see combined data analysis), 396, 538, 654, 787, 796

Combined data, Bayesian phylogenetics, and the origin of the New Zealand cicada genera, Thomas R. Buckley, Peter Arensburger, Chris Simon, and Geoffrey K. Chambers, 4–18
Combined data, 946–958
  analysis, 424, 939
  tree, 418, 426, 799
Combined nuclear and mitochondrial DNA sequences resolve generic relationships within the Cracidae (galliformes, aves), Sérgio L. Pereira, Allan J. Baker, and Anita Wajntal, 946–958
Combined tree (see also combined data tree), 772
  length, 27, 29
Commelinid monocots, 93
Compagno's hypothesis, 581
Comparative
  analysis, 541–542, 550, 552
  method, 541–553, 873–880
Comparing the gap excess ratio and the retention index of the stratigraphic character, John A. Finarelli and William C. Clyde, 166–175
Complex
  characters, 817–822
  tree, 668
Compsognathus, 377
Computer-based analysis, 344
Computer simulation (see also Monte Carlo simulation, simulation), 541–553
Condylocarpon, 403
Confidence limit, 492–508
Congruence, 19–20, 22–24, 26, 29, 50, 107, 176, 217, 245, 331, 333, 336, 432–449, 455, 499, 626–628, 632, 635–636, 648, 796, 800, 968–970
  character, 153
  cross-taxon, 333, 350, 354
  evolutionary, 199
  length difference test, 947
  phylogenetic, 649
  taxonomic, 151–154
Conifers, 762, 768, 777
Conoderinae, 766
Conophytum, 327–327
  achabense, 327
  angelicae, 327
  angelicae var. *angelicae*, 327
  bilobum, 327
  bilobum var. *bilobum*, 327
  blandum, 327
  burgeri, 327
  calculus, 327
  calculus var. *vanzylii*, 327
  depressum, 327
  ectypum, 327
  ectypum var. *ectypum*, 327
  ectypum var. *ignavum*, 327
  ectypum var. *flavum*, 327
  flavum, 327
  friedrichiae, 327
  fulleri, 327
  limpidum, 327
  lithopsoides, 327
  lithopsoides var. *kennedyi*, 327
  lithopsoides var. *koubergens*, 327
  lithopsoides var. *lithopsoides*, 327
  lydiae, 327
  marginatum, 327
  marginatum var. *karamoepense*, 327
  marginatum var. *marginatum*, 327
  maughanii, 327
  maughanii var. *maughanii*, 327
  mirabile, 327
  pageae, 327
  pellucidum, 327
  pellucidum var. neohallii, 327
  pellucidum var. pellucidum, 327
  praesectum, 327
  ratum, 327
  roodiae, 327
  smorenskaduense, 327
  smorenskaduense var. *herrmarium*, 327
  stevens–jonesianum, 327
  wettsteinii, 327
  wettsteinii var. *wettsteinii*, 327
Conotrachelini, 765
Conotrachelus, 785
  nenuphar, 765
Consensus
  method, 369–381
  phylogeny, 542
  trees, 97, 153, 159, 374, 380, 574, 579, 651, 790, 793, 795, 959
Conservation
  genetics, 238–254
  planning, 276–302, 303–316, 317–330
  regional planning, 331–363
Consistency index, 98, 100, 125, 418, 633–634, 639, 642, 772, 951
Constant rate
  analysis, 694, 701
  model, 882
Constraint tree, 793
Contingency, 917–929
  table analysis, 281
Contingent predictability in evolution: key traits and diversification, Alan De Queiroz, 917–929
Continuous
  characters, 543
  time Markov chain, 730–732, 736
  time Markov chain process, 757
  track analysis, 201
Control region (CR), 930–931, 933–934, 936, 939, 941–942
Contulmna, 386
Contusotruncana, 914
Convergence, 638, 740–753
Convergent evolution, 92
Convolvulaceae, 282
Cophylogeny, 528–535
Correct tree, 537
Correlation tests, 900
Corthylina, 766
Corvini, 846–847

Corvus, 617, 619–620
frugilegus, 616
Corypheae, 95
Coryphinae, 95
Córyphoid, 102, 106–107
Coryphoideae, 92–93, 95, 100, 108–110
Corypha, 99–100, 109–110
utan, 95
Cosmoconus sp., 477
Cosmophorini, 453
Cosmophorus, 453
cembrae, 474
Cossoninae, 766
Cossonini, 763, 766, 769, 777
Cossonus, 785
sp., 766, 768
Cotesia glomerata, 475
Coturnix coturnix, 601, 612, 945
Couma, 401
Cowling, R.M., *see* Desmet, P.G.,—
Cows, 296, 502–503, 640
cpDNA, 92–94, 97–100, 102, 106–110, 382–383
CpG island, 599–613
Cracidae, 932, 958
Cracids, 932
Cracinae, 947, 954
Cracini, 954
Crane
sandhill, 601
whooping, 601
Craspidospermum, 391, 402
verticillatum, 393
Crassigyrinus, 368
Crax, 947, 949, 953–954
blumenbachii, 948
Crayfish, 5, 256–257, 260, 263–264, 267, 269–270
rusty, 256, 260
Cremastinae, 476
Cremnops
sp.1, 473
sp. 2, 473
Cremnoptini, 473
Cretaceous, 255, 778, 828, 831, 908–909, 912–913, 915, 954
Cretulio nucula, 776
Criocerinae, 778
Crockerinus, 267
Crocodilians, 436, 620
Crossspecies analysis, 551
Crustaceans, 512–513, 921
Crypteffigies albilarvatus, 476
Cryptinae, 469, 476
Cryptolarynginae, 776
Cryptolepideae, 396
Cryptorhynchinae, 765
Cryptorhynchini, 765
Crypturellus, 619–620, 959, 961, 968, 970, 974, 977
atrocapillus, 976–977
atrocapillus atrocapillus, 972
bartletti, 972, 976–977
berlepschi, 965, 967, 972, 976–978
boucardi, 964, 973, 976–978
boucardi boucardi, 972
brevirostris, 972, 976–977
casiquiare, 964, 972, 976–977
cinereus, 965, 967, 972, 976–978
cinnamomeus, 964, 967, 976–977
cinnamomeus cinnamomeus, 972
duidae, 972, 976–977
erythropus, 964, 976–977
erythropus erythropus, 972
kerriae, 972–973, 976–978
noctivagus, 976–977
noctivagus noctivagus, 972
obsoletus, 967, 969, 976–978
obsoletus obsoletus, 972
parvirostris, 967, 969, 972, 976–978
ptaritepui, 973, 976–978
soui, 976–978
soui albigularis, 972
soui caquetae, 972
soui caucae, 972
soui harterti, 972
soui inconspicuus, 972
soui modestus, 972
soui mustelinus, 972
soui panamensis, 972
soui soui, 972
strigulosus, 973, 976–977
tataupa, 616, 967, 969, 976–978
tataupa tataupa, 973
transfaciatus, 967, 973, 976–977
Ctenochromis, 117
benthicola, 114
horei, 114
Ctenopelmatinae, 476
Cucurbitaceae, 284
Cuezzo, Fabiana, *see* Szumik, Claudia A.,—
Culicidae, 846–847
Cunoniaceae, 846–847
Curassows, 946–949, 951–952, 954–955
Curculio, 768, 785
niveopictus, 765
Curculionidae, 763–764, 769, 772, 776–779, 785, 813
s.l., 761, 763–764
s.s., 777
Curculioninae, 765, 785
Curculionini, 765
Curculionoidea, 761–763, 769, 776–778
Curculoninae, 763
Curimatidae, 846–847
Cyads, 762, 777
Cyclanthaceae, 93, 846–847
Cyclopharynx, 124, 127, 132
fwae, 115, 117, 124
Cyclospatheae, 95
Cyladinae, 762–764, 776
Cylas, 768, 769, 785
formicarius, 764
Cylloceria sp., 476
Cylloceriinae, 476
Cylydrorhini, 765

Cylydrorhinus
farinosus, 785
sp., 765, 768, 785
Cynognathus, 191
Cyperaceae, 282–284, 293, 295
Cyperus, 282–283
laevigatus, 295
odoratus, 282–283
pennatiformis var. *bryanii*, 295
polystachyos, 295
Cyphophoenix, 102
nucele, 96
Cyphotilapia, 127
frontosa, 115, 124–125, 127, 131
Cyprichromini, 115–117, 127, 130–131
Cyprichromis
jumbo, 115, 124
leptosoma, 115
Cypripedioideae, 846–847
Cyrtandra, 298
Cyrtocara moorii, 123
Cyrtorhyssa sp., 477
Cyrtostachydinae, 96
Cyrtostachys, 102
renda, 96
Cytochrome b, 59, 117–119, 121, 124–125, 127, 131–132, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 425–426, 431, 432–449, 574, 576, 615–616, 620, 624, 788, 947–948, 951
Cytochrome oxidase I (COI), 4–6, 8–10, 22–24, 38, 40, 42, 230, 386, 788, 790–791, 794, 796, 798–799, 800, 802
COI–1, 24–28, 947–948, 951
COI–2, 24–28, 947–948, 951
COI–3, 24, 947–948, 951
COII, 4–6, 8–10, 38, 40, 42, 262, 802

Daniel, Ian L., *see* Stöckler, Karen,—
Darwinian selection, 733
Dasypogon, 94
Dasypogonaceae, 94
Data augmentation, 729–739
Davies, T. Jonathan, *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Decay analysis, 417
Decay index (see Bremer support)
Deer, 296
Deinonychosauria, 376–377
Delimiting species using DNA and morphological variation and discordant species limits in spiny lizards (*Sceloporus*), John J. Weins and Tonya A. Penkrot, 69–91
Delomerista mandibularis, 477
Demopheles corruptor, 476
Dendragapus, 930, 934–937, 939, 941
obscurus, 942, 944
obscurus fuliginosus, 930, 942, 944
Dendrobius, 767–768
sp., 763
Dendroctonus, 768
pseudotsugae, 766
Dendrogram, 199
De Queiroz, Alan, Contingent predictability in evolution: key traits and diversification, 917–929
Derelominae, 765, 769, 777
Dermoptera, 377
DeSalle, Rob, *see* Gatesy, John,—
Deschavanne, Patrick J., *see* Edwards, Scott V.,—
Desdevises, Yves, *see* Legendre, Pierre,—
Desmet, P.G., R.M. Cowling, A.G. Ellis, and R. L. Pressey, Integrating biosystematic data into conservation planning: perspectives from southern Africa's Succulent Karoo, 317–330
Desmostylia, 377
Deuterostome, 711
Development, 478–491
Diacritinae, 476
Diacritus aciculatus, 476
Diadegma
mollipla, 476
sp., 476
Diaeretus leucopterus, 473
Diagnostic characters, 82, 85, 89
Diaprepes, 768
abbreviatus, 764
Dicarinella, 914
Dichelosus sp., 473
Dichrogaster sp., 476
Dicot, 284, 287, 294, 762, 768, 777–778, 923
Dicotyledons, 768
Dicynodon, 190–191
Dicynodontia, 176–191
Dictyocaryum lamarckianum, 96
Dictyophleba, 391, 398, 401
lucida, 393
Dictyosperma album, 961
Didelphis virginiana, 503, 641
Diemeniana, 6
frenchi, 6
tillyardi, 6
Diptilomiopinae, 846–847
Diversification, 835–843, 917–929
rates, 871, 881, 887, 908
time, 946–958
Differential
diversification rates, 855–865
weighting, 1
Digenea, 193
Digital elevation model (DEM), 306–307, 309
Diictodon, 176–177, 190–191
Dinocampus coccinellae, 474
Dinornis, 619–620
giganteus, 616
Dinothrombium pandorae, 512
Diolcogaster schizurae, 475
Diospilini, 453, 466, 474
Diospilus
sp. 1, 474
sp. 2, 474
sp. 3, 474
Diplazon, 469
laetatorius, 476

Diplazontinae, 476
Diplectrona, 386–387
Diplorhynchus, 391, 402
condylocarpon, 393
Dipnoi/Tetrapoda, 711
Diptera, 454, 713, 786–805
Diradops sp., 475
Dirichlet distribution, 8, 36, 157, 691, 705, 733, 742
Dirrhopinae, 452
Dischidia, 406
Discrete-gamma distribution (see also Gamma distribution), 502
Disophrini, 452–453, 473
Distance matrix, 199–216
Divergence, 270, 319–320, 640
estimation, 694, 696, 699–701
evolutionary, 689
nucleotide, 249
time, 689, 694–695, 699–700, 710
Divergence time and evolutionary rate estimation with multilocus data, Jeffrey L. Thorne and Hirohisa Kishino, 689–702
Diversification, 761–785
model, 182
D-loop, 930–945
DNA, 48, 62, 69–70, 75–76, 85, 89, 93, 392, 454, 536, 557, 599, 601, 606, 610, 614, 618, 622, 638, 643, 829, 835, 837, 931, 947–948
characters, 458
double-stranded, 392
evolution, 642, 837, 954
extraction, 434
genomic, 6, 416, 556, 572, 600–601, 607, 613, 932
haplotype, 71, 76, 87
hybridization, 603, 606–607
hybridization tree, 840
mitochondrial, 2, 44–68, 155–156, 159, 161, 163, 411, 416, 425, 510, 516–517, 519, 574–576, 581, 584, 600, 603, 606–608, 615, 618, 622, 628, 638, 640, 643, 931, 938, 946–958
nuclear, 93, 263–264, 411, 416, 416, 423, 425, 577, 606, 608–609, 946–958
plastid, 638–640, 642–643
repair, 600, 608–610, 841
replication, 841
samples, 414
sequence, 156–157, 163–164, 614, 617, 627–629, 664, 660, 836, 946
sequence analysis, 410–411, 413, 432–433, 574, 599, 600–601, 606–609, 730, 754, 850
sequence evolution, 729–739
sequence data, 6, 33, 45, 69, 71, 81, 118, 219, 450, 455, 470, 689, 694, 740–741, 779
single-copy nuclear, 411, 423, 425–426
single-stranded, 392
strands, 607
substitution, 32–33, 35, 37, 40, 157, 635, 742, 757–758
substitution model, 740, 742, 745–749
vocabularies, 606–607
Dodonaea viscosa, 295
Doleserpeton, 823
Dolichoderinae, 846–847
Dolichomitus imperator, 477
Dolichozele, 452–453
sp., 474
Dollo parsimony, 442
Dolophilodes, 386–387
Donaciinae, 778
Dorman, Karin S., *see* Suchard, Marc A.,—
Doryctinae, 475
Dowton, Mark and Andrew D. Austin, Increased congruence does not necessarily indicate increased phylogenetic accuracy—the behavior of the incongruence length difference test in mixed-model analyses, 19–31
Doydirhynchini, 764
Doydirhynchus, 764, 768–769, 785
austriacus, 764
Dregea, 406
Dreissena polymorpha, 256
Dromaius novaehollandiae, 601, 613
Drosera anglica, 295
Droseraceae, 295
Drosophila
ananassae, 786, 788–789, 796, 801
biarmipes, 788–789, 794–797, 802
bipectinata, 788–789, 796
denticulata, 786
elf, 788, 799
elegans, 786, 788–789, 794–797, 801–802
elegans 1, 788
elegans 2, 788
erecta, 788–789,796
eugracilis, 786, 788–789, 795–797, 799, 801–802
ficusphila, 786, 788–789, 794–797, 799, 801
flavohirta, 786
fuyamai, 788–789, 794–797, 802
gunungcola, 789
kikkawai, 788–789
lucipennis, 788–789, 794–797, 802
longissima, 786
lutescens, 789
melanogaster, 786–805
mimetica, 788–789, 794–797, 800, 802
montium, 786, 788–789, 801
orena, 787, 789, 796–797
prostipennis, 789, 800
pseudotakahashii, 789, 800
rajasekari, 802
rhopaloa, 788–789, 802
suzukii, 786, 788–789, 794–797, 800–802
takahasii, 786, 788–789, 791, 794–797, 800–802
teissieri, 787, 789, 796–797
trilutea, 788
Drovetski, Sergei V., Molecular phylogeny of grouse: individual and combined performance of W-linked, autosomal, and mitochondrial loci, 930–945
Dryinidae, 477
Drymophloeus beguinii, 96
Dryocoetes, 768
alni, 766

Dryocoetina, 766
Dryophthorinae, 761–764, 769, 776–778
Dubautia laxa ssp. *laxa*, 299
Ducks, 438–439, 512, 600
  mallard, 601
  muscovy, 601
Duellman, W.E. (Ed.), Patterns of distribution of amphibians: a global perspective, (rev.), 980–981
Dusona sp., 476
Dypsidinae, 96
Dypsis, 102
  lastelliana, 96
Dyscritulus planiceps, 473
Dysdera crocata, 512
Dyspetes praerogator, 477

Eadya, 453–454
  sp., 474
Eadyiini, 453, 473
Earinini, 453, 472
Earinus elator, 473
Early Miocene, 953
Early Oligocene, 953, 955
Early Pliocene, 953
Eastern Fence Lizard (*see also Sceloporus undulatus*), 2, 44–45
Echinoconiae, 741
Echinoderm, 711
Echinoidea, 711
Echiteae, 391, 396, 404–405
Echites, 405
Ecnomiinae, 452
Ecnomus, 386–387
Ecology, 277
Ecomorph, 44–68
Ecosystems, 314, 331, 335
Ectocion, 168–169, 175
Ectodini, 115–117, 127, 130–131
Ectodus descampsi, 115, 124
Ecuador, 898–907
Edgington combined probability test, 856–857
Edwards, Scott V., Bernard Fertil, Alain Giron, and Patrick J. Deschavanne, Genomic schism in birds revealed by phylogenetic analysis of DNA strings, 599–613
EF1α, 4–10, 12–14, 387, 512, 514, 516, 519
Effects of models of rate evolution on estimation of divergence dates with special reference to the metzoan 18S ribosomal RNA phylogeny, Stéphane Aris–Brosou and Ziheng Yang, 703–714
Effects of topological inaccuracy in evolutionary trees on the phylogenetic comparative method of independent contrasts, Matthew R.E. Symonds, 541–553
Egernia whitii, 985
Eigenvectors, 873–880
  coefficients, 554–569
Eigenvalues, 220, 557, 873–880
Eight-taxon tree, 38
Eisingius, 768
  chusqueae, 765
Elaeidinae, 96
Elaeis oleifera, 96
Elapidae, 847, 849
Elasmosoma sp., 475
Elephants, 436
Eleutherodactylus simonbolivari, 981
Ellis, A.G., *see* Desmet, P.G.,—
Elpistostegalia, 367, 825
Embolomeres, 364
Embolomeri, 364
Embryophytes, 644
Empirical analysis, 180, 184, 186–187
Emu, 601
Emydops, 190–191
Endangered plants, 276–302
Endemicity, 806–816
Endemism, 276–302, 310–311
  area of, 648–652
Endosperm, 401
Endosymbiosis, 199
Endothiodon, 190–191
Enicospilus ramidulus, 477
Ensatina salamanders, 77
Entiminae, 763–765, 769, 777
Entimini, 764–765
Environmental diversity (ED), 343, 348
Eocaecilia, 364, 366, 822
Eocene, 168, 955
Eodicynodon, 176, 190–191
Ephedra, 700
Ephedrus, 456, 461
  californicus, 473
  persicae, 473
Ephialtes manifestator, 477
Epifagus, 383
Epirhyssa sp., 477
Epistrophina, 765
Epistrophus
  cristulatus, 785
  sp., 765, 768, 785
Equal-rates Markov (ERM)
  clades, 893
  model, 844, 848, 850–851, 866, 869–971, 889, 891–892, 894, 913
  null model, 866, 908
  random branching model, 855–865
  time inclusive null model, 910
  time slice model, 910
  time slice null model, 911–912
  trees, 868, 870, 892
Equally
  parsimonious tree, 571
  weighted parsimony, 618–619, 622
Eremotylus sp., 477
Eretmodini, 115–117, 125, 129
Eretmodus cyanostictus, 115, 123–124
Ericaceae, 389
Erirhininae, 763–764, 776–778
Esox, 434
  lucius, 434
Euagathis

sp. 1, 473
sp. 2, 473
Euapocynoidina, 404–405
Eubazus semirugosus, 474
Euceros, 469
sp., 476
Eucerotinae, 476
Eucestoda, 193
Euclidean distances, 341, 602
Eudiagogina, 764
Eudiagogus, 768
rosenschoeldi, 764
Eudromia, 619–620, 959, 961, 966–967, 974–975, 978–979
elegans, 616, 960, 967
elegans albida, 967, 976, 979
elegans elegans, 967, 973, 976, 979
elegans intermedia, 973
elegans magnistriata, 973
elegans multiguttata, 973
elegans patagonica, 973
elegans riojana, 973
formosa, 967, 976
formosa formosa, 973
formosa mira, 973
Eudrominae, 959
Eugenia, 282
Euglena, 383
Eukaryotes, 199, 214, 536
Euphorbiaceae, 282, 284, 293, 297–299
Euphorinae, 453–454, 474
Euphoroid, 453, 465–468
Eurhynchinae, 763–764, 776
Euryophion latipennis, 477
Eusterids, 397
Eusthenopteron, 823
Eustylina, 764–765
Euterpeinae, 96
Eutheria, 847, 849
Eutherian mammals, 589, 654, 662
Event-pairing, 478–491
Evolution, 192, 298, 328, 417, 426, 438, 487, 492, 596, 614, 617, 620, 622, 635, 644, 665, 669, 689, 692, 694–695, 698, 703, 705, 786–805, 873–880, 908, 917, 926, 992
adaptive, 239
avian, 614
bacterial, 199, 214
Brownian, 868
character, 46, 136, 440
chordate, 572
convergent, 92
DNA, 642, 837, 954
minimum, 456, 461, 589, 596, 667, 670
molecular, 2, 30, 88, 92, 464, 536, 538, 622, 627, 729, 735, 738, 834, 881, 985, 992
morphological, 88, 176, 442, 786–787, 803
organismal, 411
parallel, 62, 439, 536
plant, 382
rate of, 703–714, 761
reticulate, 199, 214
tetrapod, 480
trait, 869–870, 891–892
Evolutionarily significant units (ESU), 238–254, 319–320
Evolutionary
biology, 238, 536, 833, 881
change, 478
divergence times, 689
diversification, 926
dynamics, 610
history, 187, 279, 282, 571, 583, 585, 653, 800, 946–947
hypotheses, 317, 322, 325, 881
inference, 882
information, 689
model, 549, 616, 627, 874, 881, 912–913
pattern, 439
processes, 299, 313, 317–330, 332, 833
rate, 940
rate estimation, 689, 691, 696, 700–701, 703
relationships, 299, 833, 835
studies, 554, 654, 661–662, 786, 841
theory, 214
transformations, 478–491
transitions, 485
trees, 221, 541, 690–691
units, 398
Examination of the monophyly of morning glory taxa using Bayesian phlogenetic inference, Richard E. Miller, Thomas R. Buckley, and Paul S. Manos, 740–753
Examining basal avian divergences with mitochondrial sequences: model complexity, taxon sampling, and sequence length, Edward L. Braun and Rebecca T. Kimball, 614–624
Exeristes sp., 477
Exetastes sp., 476
Exochus sp., 476
Exophthalmus sp., 765, 768
Exponential distributions, 705, 711, 713
Extant birds, 614
Extinction, 276–302, 908–916
Eyes, 917–929

Fabaceae, 282–284, 293, 298
Falcipennis, 930, 937–939, 941
canadensis, 934–935, 939, 941–942, 944
canadensis franklinii, 930, 934–935, 939, 942, 944
falcipennis, 934, 944
Falcon, 512
Falco, 619–620
peregrinus, 616
Falcosyntretus sp., 474
Farenholz's Rule, 217
Farrell, Brian D., *see* Marvaldi, Adriana E.,—
Feder, Jeffrey L., *see* Perry, William L.,—
Fédrigo, Olivier, *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Felsenstein
algorithm, 731
model, 98, 417, 537, 617–618, 629, 829
Ferns, 383
Ferrier, Simon, Mapping spatial pattern in biodiversity for regional conservation planning: where to from here?, 331–363
Fertil, Bernard, *see* Edwards, Scott V.,—

Finarelli, John A. and William C. Clyde, Comparing the gap excess ratio and the retention index of the stratigraphic character, 166–175
Finch, 601, 889
Fire ants, 537
Fischeria, 391, 406
  stellata, 393
Fishes, 243, 256–258, 269–271, 512, 825
  bony, 512
  cartilaginous, 512
  cichlid, 2, 113
  freshwater, 208
  Galaxiid, 5, 432–449
  marine, 443
  osmerid, 432–449
  retropinnid, 432–449
Fisher's
  combined probability test (FCPT), 838–839, 844, 856–857
  model, 263
Fitch–Margoliash
  methods, 602
  trees, 602, 606
Five-genus trees, 844
Five-species trees, 844
FL1P speciational model, 543
Flatworms, 192–193
Flaviviridae, 884
Flavivirus, 881, 884
Flaviviruses, 881, 884–885
Flightless birds, 959
Flowers, 761, 768
Flury hierarchy, 876
Fockea, 391, 396, 406
  multiflora, 393
Fockeeae, 406–407
Foersteria sp., 474
Foraminifera, 908–916
Formicini, 846–847
Fornicia sp., 475
Fossils, 167, 169, 171, 174, 176–182, 185, 369–381, 538, 776–777, 825, 827–828, 835, 891, 908–910, 920–921, 925, 955
Foster, Peter G., *see* Wilkinson, Mark,—
Four-state characters, 525
Four-taxon phylogeny, 2
Fourth-corner statistic, 217–234
Fragaria chiloensis ssp. *sandwicensis*, 282
Fragmentary taxa, missing data, and ambiguity: mistaken assumptions and conclusions, Maureen Kearney, 369–381
Francolinus
  africanus, 945
  swainsonii, 945
F ratio, 546–547
Frogs, 247, 822–823, 919
  torrent, 247
Fruits, 761, 768
  dehiscent, 741
  indehiscent, 741
F-statistics, 220, 489, 537
F-test, 606, 610
Fugu, 575, 577
Functional constraints, 638–647
Fungi, 700, 835–839, 841
Fungus–growing ants, 451
Funk, V.A. and K.S. Richardson, Systematic data in biodiversity studies: use it or lose it, 303–316
Funk, V.A., A.K. Sakai, and K. Richardson, Biodiversity: the interface between systematics and conservation, 235–237
Funtumia, 391, 404
  elastica, 393
F-values, 489, 548

Gahnia
  aspera ssp. *globosa*, 282
  vitiensis ssp. *kavaiensis*, 282
Galaxias
  brevipinnis, 444
  fasciatus, 434
  maculatus, 434, 444
  truttaceus, 434
  zebratus, 434
Galaxiella, 438
  pusilla, 434
Galaxiidae, 432–434, 436, 438–440, 443, 448
Galaxiid fish, 5
Galaxiinae, 433
Galaxiini, 433
Galaxioidea, 432–433, 438
Galliformes, 930, 940, 946–947, 950, 953
Galloanseriformes, 601, 608
Gallotia galloti, 554, 566
Gallus, 619–620
  gallus, 38, 487–488, 601, 612, 616, 932–933, 945
  sonerati, 945
Gamma distribution (see also Discrete-gamma distribution), 157, 640, 705, 707–708, 735, 790, 949
Gammarid amphipods, 269
Gap Excess Ratio, 3, 166, 176, 177, 180–182, 184–186
Gastropods, 920
Gaussian Markov process, 706
Gatesy, John, Conrad Matthee, Rob DeSalle, and Cheryl Hayashi, Resolution of a supertree/supermatrix paradox, 652–663
Gecko (*see also Carphodactylus laevis*), 247
Geikia, 190–191
Geissospermum, 402
Gelsemiaceae, 391
Gelsemium, 396
  sempervirens, 393
Genes,
  Amy, 787, 790–791, 796, 798–799
  atpB, 92, 97–100, 102, 109, 638–647, 836
  B2m, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 431
chloroplast, 383
  c-myc, 38, 40, 42
  cnr1, 589
  COI, 4–6, 8–10, 22–24, 38, 40, 42, 230, 787–788, 790–791, 794, 796, 798–799, 800, 802, 947–948, 951

COII, 4–6, 8, 38, 40, 42, 802, 947–948, 951
CO3, 947–948, 951
cytochrome b, 59, 117–119, 121, 124–125, 127, 131–132, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 425–426, 431, 432–449, 574, 576, 615–616, 620, 624, 788, 947–948, 951
EF1α, 4–10, 12–14, 387, 512, 514, 516, 519
G pdh, 790–791, 798–800, 802
hemagglutinin, 733
HSP70, 570–587
*mat*K, 396
mitochondrial, 4–5, 7–8, 10, 12–13, 24, 38, 77, 414, 418, 423, 639–641, 653, 660, 787, 930, 941, 950–951
NADH, 788
ND1, 44, 48–49, 52, 56, 63, 613, 788, 791, 796, 798–799
ND2, 116, 118–119, 121, 125, 131–132, 576, 947–948, 951
ND4, 70, 77
ND5, 947–948, 951
ndhF, 389–409
nuclear, 4–6, 24, 38, 77, 243, 418, 421, 423, 653, 660, 796, 948, 950
plant, 700
plastid, 19, 640–641, 644
protein-coding, 13–14, 125, 444, 589
RAG-1, 574–576, 581, 584, 613
rbcL, 92–94, 97–100, 102, 109, 138, 146, 389–409, 638–647, 697, 700, 829–830, 836–837
rRNA, 7–8, 13–14
sequences, 796
single, 694
single-copy, 571, 583, 638, 741
Sry, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 431
Tcp-1, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 426, 431
tree, 244, 247, 410, 418, 420–421, 423, 538, 570–572, 576, 583, 800, 879, 930, 947
tree parsimony, 570–587
tRNA coding, 707
trnK, 382
Zp-3, 413–418, 420–421, 423, 431
Generalized dissimilarity modeling (GDM), 340, 344, 347–348
Generalized estimating equations, 282
Generalized least squares, 874
General reversible model, 32
General-time-reversible (GTR) model, 8–10, 12, 14, 32–33, 49, 51–54, 77, 98–99, 109, 119, 121, 124, 157, 513–516, 521, 537, 574, 589, 617–620, 622–623, 733, 738, 742, 745–746, 749, 769, 790, 829, 837, 935, 951
Genetalic characters, 4
Genetic analysis, 264, 436, 536
Genomes, 383, 410, 414, 426, 512, 536–537, 574, 614, 616, 693, 701, 879, 930, 947, 951, 954
analysis, 660
mammalian, 610
mitochondrial, 512, 619, 638, 640, 643–644, 788, 950–951
nuclear, 570, 619, 623, 951
organellar, 638–647
plastid, 643
vertebrate, 610
Genomic DNA, 6, 47, 416, 556, 572, 600–601, 607, 613, 932
Genomic schism in birds revealed by phylogenetic analysis of DNA strings, Scott V. Edwards, Bernard Fertil, Alain Giron, and Patrick J. Deschavanne, 599–613
Genomics, 599–613
Genotypes, 239, 243
Gentianaceae, 398
Gentianales, 397–398
Geographic Information System (GIS), 304, 309–310, 335–336, 338, 342–343, 346, 353
Geographic origin of human mitochondrial DNA: accommodating phylogenetic uncertainty and model comparison, John P. Huelsenbeck and Nikita S. Imennov, 155–165
Geographic variation, 554–569
Geology, 324
Geonemina, 765
Geonoma oxycarpa, 96
Geonomeae, 96, 100, 102, 108, 110
Geophytes, 321
Geospiza, 889
Geostatistics, 203
Gesneriaceae, 284, 298
Giannini, Norberto P., *see* Bertelli, Sara,—
Gilled mushrooms, 836
Giron, Alain, *see* Edwards, Scott V.,—
Global Positioning System (GPS), 306
Globotruncana, 914–915
arca, 914
bulloides, 914
linneiana, 914
Globotruncanacea, 908–913, 915
Globotruncanita, 914
Glossosoma, 386
Glyptini, 476
Gnamptodontinae, 475
Gnathochromis
permaxillaris, 115, 124, 131
pfefferi, 115, 124–125, 127, 131
Gnathostoma, 711
Gnetum, 700
Goats, 296
Goloboff, Pablo A., *see* Szumik, Claudia A.,—
Gonipterinae, 765, 769, 779
Gonipterini, 765
Gonipterus sp., 765, 768, 779
Goodeniaceae, 284, 295
Goodness-of-fit, 204, 206–208, 210, 212–213
Gophers, 230–231, 233
Gorilla, 707–708, 710
G pdh, 790–791, 798–800, 802
Grammatotria lemairii, 115, 124
Grass Phylogeny Working Group (GPWG), 137–139, 141–144, 146–147
Great Deluge strategy, 158
Greenwoodochromis, 117
Gremicambarus, 267
Gronophyllum, 102
pinangoides, 96

Grotea sp., 476
Grouse, 930–945
  Attwater's, 944
  black, 944
  Caucasian, 945
  dusky, 944
  Franklin's, 944
  gunnison, 944
  hazel, 944
  pinnated, 944
  ruffed, 944
  sage, 944
  Severtov's, 944
  sharp–tailed, 944
  Siberian, 944
  sooty, 944
  spruce, 944
Growth and shape: measurements and metrics, H. David Sheets, Miriam L. Zelditch, and Donald L. Swiderski, 817–821
Grus
  americana, 601, 613
  canadensis, 601, 613
Grypocentrus sp., 477
G-tests, 351
Guaduella, 140–141
Guans, 946–949, 951, 953–954
  horned, 946, 948–949, 951, 953–955
Guineafowl, 932
Gumaga, 387
Guyana, 303–316
Gymnetron, 768, 785
  tetrum, 765

Hadrocryptus sp., 476
Hahn, William J., Molecular phylogenetic study of the Palmae (Arecaceae) based on *atp*B, *rbc*L, and 18S nrDNA sequences, 92–112
Hanguana, 94
Hanguanaceae, 94
Haplochromines, 2, 113, 116–118, 123,127, 132
Haplochromini, 114–117, 123, 125, 127, 130, 133
Haplochromis lividus, 123
Haplophyton, 402
Haplotype, 56, 62, 69, 73–74, 82, 383
  DNA, 71, 76, 87
  tree, 76
Harcourt-Brown, Katherine G., Tree balance, time slices, and evolutionary turnover in cretaceous planktonic foraminifera, 908–916
Harvey, P.H., *see* Pybus, O.G.,—
Hasegawa-Kishino-Yano (HKY) model, 7, 23–24, 35, 49, 52, 98, 119, 121, 125, 127, 230, 417, 421, 513–516, 538, 589–590, 595–596, 617–618, 629, 632, 635–636, 642, 704, 707, 710–711, 829, 836–837
Hausdorf, Bernhard, Units in biogeography, 648–651
Hawaiian Islands, 276–302
Hawkmoths, 917
Haworthia, 326
Hayashi, Cheryl Gatesy, John
Heard, Stephen B. and Arne Ø. Mooers, Signatures of random and selective mass extinctions in phylogenetic tree balance, 889–897
Heard, Stephen B., *see* Mooers, Arne Ø.,—
Heard, Stephen B., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Heard's trees, 844
Hedgehogs, 661
Helcon,
  sp. 1, 474
  sp. 2, 474
Helconinae, 452–454, 467, 474
Helconini, 453, 474
Helconoid, 453, 460–461, 465–469
Heliconiiti, 846, 849
Helicopsyche, 386–387
Heliotropium anomalum var. *argenteum*, 282
Hellwigia, 454
  obscura, 476
Hemagglutinin, 733
Hemibates, 117
Hepialid moths, 5
Herbivores, 297
Heterochromis, 118
  multidens, 115, 118–119
Heterochromy, 478–491
Heterogeneity, 347–348, 355
Heteropods, 920
Heuristic
  algorithm, 215
  search, 8, 23, 49, 98, 138, 158, 180, 392, 417–418, 456, 513, 525, 557, 581, 584, 589–590, 594, 616–618, 654, 745, 769, 772, 790, 793, 949
  tests, 706
  value, 376
Hexapoda, 846, 849
Hibiscadelphus
  giffardianus, 282
  hualalaiensis, 282
  woodii, 296
Hibiscus brackenridgei var. *mokuleianus*, 293, 298
Hierarchical
  Bayes, 32–43
  model, 701
Hieroxestinae, 846, 849
Hillis, David M., *see* Pollock, David D.,—
Hillis, David M., *see* Zwickl, Derrick J.,—
Hippopotamidae, 659–661
Hipporhininae, 765
Hipporhini, 765
Hippos, 653
Hirundo rustica, 600–601, 613
Hispinae, 778
Histeromerinae, 475
HIV, 510, 513–514, 516, 528, 530, 536
Hoatzin, 601
Hodkinson, Trevor R., *see* Salamin, Nicolas,—
Holarrhena, 391, 404
  pubescens, 393
Holmes, E.C., *see* Pybus, O.G.,—
Homeothermy, 487, 608
Homobasidiomycete fungui, 451

Homolobinae, 452–453, 474
Homolobus, 456
australiensis, 474
truncator, 474
Homoplasy, 13, 92–94, 107–108, 152–153, 167, 178, 187, 199–200, 214, 371–372, 374, 380, 410, 426, 432, 460, 486, 570–571, 626, 633, 635–636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 772
Homo, 155
sapiens, 38, 503, 825
Hoplophorionini, 846, 849
Hormiinae, 464, 470
Host
associations, 761–785
switch, 528–535
Host-parasite, 217–234
coevolution, 4
relationships, 199
House mice, 410, 424
Housworth, Elizabeth A., *see* Martins, Emília P.,—
Hoverflies, 844
Howea belmoreana, 96
Hoya, 389, 391
bella, 393
HSP70, 570–587
Huelsenbeck, John P. and Nikita S. Imennov, Geographic origin of human mitochondrial DNA: accommodating phylogenetic uncertainty and model comparison, 155–165
Huelsenbeck, John P., Bret Larget, Richard E. Miller, and Fredrik Ronquist, Potential applications and pitfalls of Bayesian inference of phylogeny, 673–688
Praon pequodorum, 473
Huelsenbeck, John P., Jonathan P. Bollback, and Amy M. Levine, Inferring the root of a phylogenetic tree, 32–43
Hulsanpes, 376
Human, 3, 271, 410, 424, 503, 528, 530, 537, 575, 577, 707–710, 844, 895
mtDNA, 155–156, 160–164
vision, 554–555
Hummingbirds, 955
Hunteria, 402
Hunterieae, 391, 401–404
Hybridization, 199, 207, 214, 236, 251, 255–275, 319, 414, 425, 614–615, 618, 946
DNA, 603, 606–607
Hybrizon, 463
buccatus, 477
Hydrangeocolinae, 470
Hydriastele, 102
wendlandiana, 96
Hydrogeomorphological processes, 322
Hydrophiloidea, 846, 849
Hydropsyche, 386–387
Hylastes, 768
porculus, 766
Hylestina, 766
Hylesinini, 766
Hylobiina, 765
Hylobiini, 765
Hylomyscus, 413–414, 418, 424
alleni, 431
stella, 431
Hylurgops sp., 766, 768
Hylurgonotus, 768, 785
tuberculatus, 766
Hymenochaonia, 453
sp., 474
Hymenoptera, 22, 26, 450–451, 457, 779
Hyophorbe, 100, 110
lagenocaulis, 95
Hyophorbeae, 95
Hyoscyameae, 846, 849
Hypera, 768, 779
postica, 766
Hyperinae, 766, 779
Hyperini, 766
Hyphaene, 99–100, 109–110
coriacea, 96
Hyphaeninae, 95
Hypoborina, 766
Hypomesinae, 433
Hypomesus, 433, 448
nipponenesis, 434
Hypsicera sp., 476

Ichneumonidae, 452, 455–456, 460, 463, 467, 469, 475
Ichneumoninae, 463, 476
Ichneumonoid, 450, 455
Ichneumonoidea, 450–452, 469
Ichneutes
bicolor, 474
sp., 474
Ichneutinae, 454, 464, 467, 474
Ichthyostega, 368, 825
Identifiability of parameters in MCMC Bayesian inference of phylogeny, Bruce Rannala, 754–760
Idiobiont, 454
Iguanurinae, 96
Imbalance, 844–854, 866–872
signatures, 866–872
Imennov, Nikita S., *see* Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Importance of hybridization between indigenous and nonindigenous freshwater species: an overlooked threat to North American biodiversity, William L. Perry, David M. Lodge, and Jeffrey L. Feder, 255–275
Inaccurate trees, 153
Incongruence, 4–5, 13, 15, 19–31, 81, 102, 109, 137, 374, 380, 417–418, 436, 438, 440, 442–443, 652–664, 772, 793
length difference, 627–629, 632–633, 635–636
length difference (ILD) test, 1, 13, 19–24, 28–30, 417–418, 420, 423, 435, 625–627, 629, 633–636, 793, 798–800
molecular, 436
morphological, 436
Incorrect tree, 638

Increased congruence does not necessarily indicate increased phylogenetic accuracy—the behavior of the incongruence length difference test in mixed–model analyses, Mark Dowton and Andrew D. Austin, 19–31
Increased taxon sampling greatly reduces phylogenetic error, Derrick J. Zwickl and David M. Hillis, 588–598
Increased taxon sampling is advantageous for phylogenetic inference, David D. Pollock, Derrick J. Zwickl, Jimmy A. McGuire, and David M. Hillis, 664–671
Indels, 434, 767
  characters, 767, 769, 772
Independent contrasts, 541–553
Individual
  characters, 652
  trees, 813
Ingroup, 174–175, 525, 691–692, 695, 794, 796–797
  trees, 32
Inferring the root of a phylogenetic tree, John P. Huelsenbeck, Jonathan P. Bollback, and Amy M. Levine, 32–43
Infinite-length sequences, 495, 500
Informative characters, 418, 800
Influenza, 730, 733, 738
Irreplaceability, 303–316
Insecta, 22
Insectivora, 377, 661
Insects, 247–248, 280, 291, 297, 464, 512, 779, 835–838, 917
  phytophagous, 762
  pollination, 300
Integrating biosystematic data into conservation planning: perspectives from southern Africa's Succulent Karoo, P.G. Desmet, R.M. Cowling, A.G. Ellis, and R. L. Pressey, 317–330
Integripalpia, 386–387
Integumentary characters, 959–979
Interrelationships of the platyhelminthes, (rev.), D.T. Littlewood and R.A. Bray, 192–194
Intraspecies trees, 881
Inuleae, 846, 849
Invasion, 255–275
Invertebrates, 260, 269, 271, 337, 894, 955
Ipina, 766
Ipomoeea, 740–753
  aquatica, 747, 750
  cairica, 741, 750
  carnea, 750
  crinicalyx, 749
  eriocarpa, 742
  jaegeri, 749
  obscura, 741–742
  ochracea, 741
  pescaprae, 750
  pedicellaris, 742, 749
  plebeia, 742
  sepiaria, 741–742, 750
  setosa, 750
  ss. 746
  umbraticola, 750
Ipomoeeae, 741
Ips, 768, 785
  grandicollis, 766
Iriartea deltoidea, 96
Iriarteae, 92–93, 96, 99–100, 102, 107–108, 110
Irreversible character, 142–143, 146
Ischnoceros caligatus, 477
Is cladogenesis heritable?, Vincent Savolainen, Stephen B. Heard, Martyn P. Powell, T, Jonathan Davies, and Arne Ø. Mooers, 835–843
Isochore, 599–613
Isoptera, 846, 849
Isurus, 576
Ithycerinae, 763–764
Ithycerus, 768, 776, 785
  noveboracensis, 764
Itoplectis sp., 477
ITS, 740–753

Jackknife, 617, 621–622
  estimations, 970
  validation, 606
  values, 769, 772, 966
Jacquemontia ovalifolia ssp. *sandwicensis*, 282
Jansa, Sharon A., *see* Lundrigan, Barbara L.,—
Japanese mouse, 414
Japanese quail, 601
Jarra maculipennis, 475
Jeffery, Jonathan E., Michael K. Richardson, Michael I. Coates, and Olaf R.P. Bininda-Emonds, Analyzing developmental sequences within a phylogenetic framework, 478–491
Joinvillea ascendens ssp. *ascendens*, 282
Joinvilleacae, 282
Jordaaniella dubia, 326
Jukes–Cantor
  corrected distances, 417
  model, 7, 9, 37, 98, 119, 121, 417, 456–457, 513–516, 538, 589–590, 595–596, 617–618, 628–629, 635–636, 692, 729–730, 732
Julidochromis marlieri, 115, 124
Juniperus, 830
Jurassic, 364, 772, 776–777, 779, 822

Kanaloa kahoolawensis, 298
Kannemeyeria, 190–191
Kearney, Maureen, Fragmentary taxa, missing data, and ambiguity: mistaken assumptions and conclusions, 369–381
Kelchner, Scot A., Molecular systematics and plant evolution, (rev.), 382–385
Kendall's
  coefficient of concordance, 489
  tangent space, 817
Kennalestes, 377
Kentiopsis, 102
  oliviformis, 96
Key
  innovation, 917–929
  trait, 917–929

Khoikhoiinae, 452
Kibatalia, 391, 404
  gitingense, 393
Kikihia, 4–6, 12–13, 15
  cauta, 6
  scutellaris, 6
Kimball, Rebecca T., *see* Braun, Edward L.,—
Kimura three-parameter model, 417
Kimura two-parameter model, 7, 98, 119, 121, 417, 444, 513–516, 537, 628
Kingoria, 190–191
Kishino–Hasegawa test, 139, 142, 144, 146–147, 440–442, 458, 467, 492–508, 793–794, 799
Kishino, Hirohisa, *see* Thorne, Jeffrey L.,—
Kitsch, 606
Kiwi, 512
Kobayashi, Takanori, *see* Waters, Jonathan M.,—
Koinobiont, 457, 469
  clades, 452
  ichneumonoid, 451
  parasitoids, 451, 469–470
Kokia cookei, 282
Kolmogorov–Smirnov tests, 546
Kopp, Artyom and John R. True, Phylogeny of the oriental *Drosphilia melanogaster* species group: a multilocus reconstruction, 786–805
Kopsia, 391, 401
  fruticosa, 393
Korthalsella, 282
Kruskal–Wallis test, 606, 639, 641
Kullback–Leibler
  distance, 7
  divergence, 506
  model, 7–10, 14

Labena
  sp. 1, 476
  sp. 2, 476
Labeniinae, 463, 476, 846, 849
Labeotropheus trewavasae, 123
Labordia, 298
Lachnopus, 768
  atramentarius, 765
Lacmellea, 401
Lagomorphs, 861–862
Lagopus, 930, 934–936, 939, 941
  lagopus, 936, 941, 944
  leucurus, 935, 937, 941, 944
  mutus, 936–937, 941, 944
Lake Tanganyika, 113–135
Lamiaceae, 283–284, 287, 293, 297–298, 389
Lamna, 576
Lamniformes, 572
Lamprologini, 114–117, 125, 127, 131
Lamprologus, 113, 132
  callipterus, 115, 124
  congoensis, 115, 124, 127
  mocquardi, 115, 124, 127
Lampsilis
  radiata, 269
  siliquoidea, 269
Landolphia, 401
Large-scale tree, 822
Larget, Bret, *see* Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Larval
  characters, 762, 777, 785
  habits, 761–785
Lasiorhynchus barbicornis, 782
Lataniinae, 95
Late Cretaceous, 914–915
Late Miocene, 953
Late Oligocene, 955
Lathrostizus sp., 476
Laurin, Michel, Tetrapod phylogeny, amphibian origins, and the definition of the name tetrapoda, 364–368
Laxoplumeria, 401
Leaché, Adam D. and Tod W. Reeder, Molecular systematics of the eastern fence lizard (*Sceloporus undulatus*); a comparison of parsimony, likelihood, and Bayesian approaches, 44–68
Least–squares, 618, 821, 830
  analysis, 620
  coefficient, 206–207
  criterion, 203, 210
  tree, 622–623
  weighted, 498
Lecythodella sp., 474
Left-light rooting (LLR), 858–860
Leg characters, 961, 969
Legendre, Pierre, Yves Desdevises, and Eric Bazin, Statistical test for host–parasite coevolution, 217–234
Legendre, Pierre and Vladimir Makarenkov, Reconstruction of biogeographic and evolutionary networks using reticulograms, 199–216
Leiophron uniformis, 474
Lemna aequinoctialis, 295
Lemnaceae, 295
Lemurs, 862
Lentivirus, 528–535
  trees, 533
Leopoldinia pulchra, 96
Leopoldiniinae, 96
Lepidocaryeae, 96
Lepidogalaxias, 434, 436, 438–440, 448
  salamandroides, 434
Lepidogalaxiinae, 433
Lepidoptera, 386–387, 453–454, 779
Lepinia, 391, 403
  taitensis, 393
Lepiniopsis, 403
Lepistemon, 741
  owariensis, 742, 747
Lepistemonopsis, 741
Lepospondyli, 367, 822
Lepospondyls, 364, 366–368, 822–823
  characters, 823
Leptictida, 377
Leptobatopsis sp., 475
Leptopius, 768

colossus, 785
sp., 765
Lesser Antilles, 554–569
Lethrinops auritus, 123
Levine, Amy L., *see* Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Liabeae, 846, 849
Lice, 230–231, 233
Licuala grandis, 95
Likelihood (see Maximum likelihood)
Likelihood mapping analysis, 2
Likelihood ratio tests, 7, 99, 119, 161, 513, 518, 617, 619, 703, 711, 790, 947, 951, 953
Liliaceae, 778
Liliensternus, 376
Limnephilus, 386
Limnochromini, 115–117, 125, 127, 130–131
Limnochromis auritus, 115, 124
Lineagelevel analysis, 297
Linnean
nomenclature, 389–409
taxonomy, 823, 825
Linospadicinae, 96
Lions, 537
Liparthrum, 768
nigrescens, 766
Lipolexis gracilis, 473
Lissamphibia, 366–367, 822–823
Lissamphibians, 364–369
Lissonota
sp. 1, 476
sp. 2, 476
Lissorhoptrus, 768, 785
longipennis, 764, 785
oryzophilus, 785
Listroderes, 768
bruchi, 765
Listroderini, 765, 779
Listronotus, 768
cryptops, 765
Litoria nannotis, 247
Littlewood, D.T. and R.A. Bray, Interrelationships of the platyhelminthes, (rev.), 192–194
Litosomini, 764
Livistona speciosa, 95
Livistoninae, 95, 100
Lixinae, 765
Lixini, 765
Lixus, 768, 785
sp., 765
Lizards, 63, 74, 247, 556–557
Eastern Fence, 2, 44
phrynosomatid, 45
small arboreal, 554
spiny, 2, 69–70, 76
Tenerife, 554
Lobochilotes labiatus, 115, 124
Loboloids, 297
Local molecular clock, 703–714
Lockhart, Peter J., *see* Stöckler, Karen,—
Lodge, David M., *see* Perry, William L.,—
Loganiaceae, 284, 298
LogDet/Paralinear distance (see also paralinear distance), 457
Logistic regression, 291–292
Lognormal model, 705, 707–708
Lonchodryinus ruficornis, 477
Long branch
artifacts, 6
attraction, 106, 110, 665, 931
López, Andrés J., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Lophura ignita, 934, 945
Lovettia, 433, 438, 440, 448
sealii, 434
Lower Cretaceous, 776
Lundrigan, Barbara L., Sharon A. Jansa, and Priscilla K. Tucker, Phylogenetic relationships in the genus *Mus*, based on paternally, maternally, and biparentally inherited characters, 410–431
Lusius sp., 476
Lutzoni, François M., *see* Barker, F. Keith,—
Lycorina sp., 476
Lycorinae, 476
Lyrurus, 930, 934–935, 937–939, 941
mlokosiewiczi, 941, 945
tetrix, 934–935, 941
Lysimachia, 298
Lysiphlebus, 461
fabarum, 473
Lystrosaurus, 190–191

Macaca mulatta, 479
Machaerina mariscoides ssp. *meyenii*, 282
Macoubea, 401
Macrocentrus, 453
Macrocentrinae, 453, 474
Macrocentroid, 453
Macrocentrus
sp. 1, 474
sp. 2, 474
Macrocopturus, 768
cincticollis, 766
Macroecology, 980–981
Macroevolution, 835, 866–872
Macromorphological characters, 741
Macrostomorpha, 192
Madarini, 764
Madopterini, 764
Mandevilla, 404
Mahalanobis distance, 210–211
Makarenkov, Vladimir, *see* Legendre, Pierre,—
Malcostracan, 512
Mallard duck, 601
Mallotus, 433, 448
Malortieinae, 96
Malouetia, 404
Malouetieae, 390–391, 404
Malvaceae, 282, 284, 293–294, 296, 298, 389
Mammalian
genomes, 610
phylogeny, 670
skulls, 819

Mammals, 168, 257, 271, 277, 480, 487, 594, 609, 640–641, 661, 665, 926, 955
eutherian, 589, 654, 662
marsupial, 481, 487, 489–490
placental, 481, 487, 489–490
therian, 487
Mandevilla, 391
sanderi, 393
Mandrill, 533
Manhattan distance, 81
Manhattan stratigraphic metric, 177
Manicaria sacchifera, 96
Manicariinae, 96
Mannokeraia gibsoni, 474
Mann–Whitney test, 920
Manos, Paul S., *see* Miller, Richard E., —
Mantel test, 554, 560
Maoricicada, 4–6, 12–13, 15
cassiope, 6
hamiltoni, 6
Mapping mutations on phylogenies, Rasmus Nielsen, 729–739
Mapping spatial pattern in biodiversity for regional conservation planning: where to from here?, Simon Ferrier, 331–363
Marchantia, 700
Margaritiferidae, 267
Marginotruncana, 914
Marine fish, 443
Markov–Bernoulli process, 158
Markov chain Monte Carlo (see also MCMC), 8, 33, 35, 37–38, 44, 49–50, 158–159, 162–164, 509–523, 617, 689–714, 729–760, 794, 879, 948
algorithms, 742, 746, 755–757, 759, 790
analyis, 158, 693, 700, 743, 746, 757
approach, 159
calculation, 162
continuous time, 730–732, 736
processes, 885
simulations, 514, 741, 745, 754
Markovian branching process, 543, 545
Marillia, 387
Marsdenia, 406
Marsdenieae, 390–391, 396, 406–407
Marshallius, 768
sp., 765
Marsupial mammals, 481, 487, 489–490
Martin, Andrew P. and Theresa M. Burg, Perils of paralogy: using HSP70 genes for inferring organismal phylogenies, 570–587
Martins, Emília P. and Elizabeth A. Housworth, Phylogeny shape and phylogenetic comparative method, 873–880
Marvaldi, Adriana E., Andrea S. Sequeira, Charles W. O'Brien, and Brian D. Farrell, Molecular and morphological phlogenetics of weevils (Coleoptera, Curculionoidea): do niche shifts accompany diversification?, 761–785
Mascarenhasia, 391, 404
arborescens, 393
Masona, 456, 463–464, 467
sp., 475
Masonbeckia, 457
sp., 474
Masoninae, 475
Mass extinction, 889–897
Mastomys, 413–414, 414, 424
erythroleucus, 431
hildebrandtii, 431
Matelea, 391, 406–407
hirsuta, 393
*mat*K, 396
Matthee, Conrad, *see* Gatesy, John,—
Matrix correlation analysis, 350–351
Matrix correspondence test, 563–564
Matrix representation, 151
with parsimony (MRP), 3, 136–150, 151–154
Matrix representation with parsimony, taxonomic congruence, and total evidence, Davide Pisani and Mark Wilkinson, 151–154
Mauritia flexuosa, 95
Maximum likelihood, 2, 4–18, 19, 32, 41, 44–68, 77, 92, 97, 121, 200, 202, 417, 450–451, 457–458, 468, 492–508, 509–523, 537, 589, 596, 617, 620, 665, 667, 670, 703, 735–736, 740–753, 757, 791, 793–794, 797, 799–801, 836–849, 933, 946, 948–949, 954
analysis, 2, 70, 512, 709–710, 740, 746, 749, 790, 797, 933, 948
bootstrap support, 2
estimates, 452, 458, 704–705, 709–710, 747
local clocks, 711
model, 417, 457, 791, 933
reconstruction, 836
searches, 456
substitution model, 829
tests, 1, 13–14, 217, 509, 517, 520
trees, 12, 127, 417, 421, 425, 435, 492, 504, 514–516, 557, 559–560, 711, 839, 933, 949, 951–952
Maximum parsimony (see also parsimony), 2, 8, 19, 44–45, 49, 51–52, 56, 59, 67–68, 92, 97, 121, 139, 200, 417, 421, 436, 450–451, 457, 466–468, 589, 594, 596, 729, 740–753, 767, 791, 793–794, 797–798, 801, 829, 836–849, 845, 933, 946, 948–949, 954
analysis, 2, 21–22, 418, 435, 441, 790
bootstrap scores, 2
estimates, 452, 464, 466, 845
trees (see also Most-parsimonious trees), 100, 418, 440, 450, 455–458, 467, 557, 559–560, 584, 839, 845, 949, 952
unweighted, 456–457
Maximum posterior probability estimate, 158
Mayflies, 269
McDowall, Robet M., *see* Waters, Jonathan M.,—
McGuire, Jimmy A., *see* Pollock, David D.,—
Mecininae, 765
Mecomacer, 768
sp., 764
Mecomacerini, 764

Mediterranean short-tailed mouse, 418, 425
Megachasma, 584
Megalohelcon, 455, 460–461
  ichneumonoides, 475
Megalopodidae, 763
Megalyridae, 846, 849
Megapodes, 932
Megapodiidae, 932, 947
Megapodius, 951
  reinwardti, 947
Megarhyssa sp., 477
Megastylus sp., 477
Mehrhoff, Loyal A., *see* Sakai, Ann K.,—
Meleagrininae, 941, 945
Meleagris gallopavo, 601, 613, 931–936, 939, 945
Melicope, 298
Melodineae, 391, 396, 401–404
Melodinus, 391, 402
  monogynus, 393
Mendesellinae, 452
Menispermaceae, 295
Mergus serrator, 601, 613
Merhynchites, 768
  bicolor, 764
Meristic characters, 81, 84
Merope, 386–387
Merostostomata, 711
Merremia, 741
  tuberosa, 741
MeSA, 844–854, 866–872
Mesechiteae, 391, 404–405
Mesechites, 391, 404
  trifida, 393
Mesembryanthemaceae, 326
Mesochorinae, 476
Mesochorus sp., 476
Mesostoa, 461
  kerri, 475
Mesostoinae, 450, 454, 457, 470, 475
Mesozoic, 187, 443, 777
Metazoa, 703–714
Meteorideinae, 475
Meteorinae, 453–454, 475
Meteorus, 453, 457
  sp. 1, 475
  sp. 2, 475
  sp. 3, 475
Metopiinae, 476
Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, 689–702, 703–714, 754
Metropolis–Hastings–Green (MHG) algorithm, 35, 742
Metrosideros, 5, 298
  polymorpha, 282
  polymorpha var. glaberrima, 293
Metroxylinae, 95
Metroxylon vitiense, 95
Meyer, Axel, *see* Salzburger, Walter,—
Micholitzia, 391
  obcordata, 393
Mickevich–Farris characters, 417
Microctonus aethiopiodes, 475
Microdini, 453, 473
Microdontochromis tenuidentata, 115, 124
Microevolution, 199, 207, 214
Microgastrinae, 453, 475
Microgastroid, 453
Microleptes aquisgranensis, 476
Microleptinae, 476
Microlophus, 985
Micromorphology, 828
Micromyrmex asclepia, 785
Microplitis demolitor, 474
Microplumeria, 402
Microseris, 5
Microsporophyll characters, 828
Microstomum, 193
Microsyopidae, 377
Microtypinae, 452–453, 475
Microtypus wesmaelii, 475
Microvenator, 376
Mid-Cretaceous, 772, 776, 778, 914–915
Mid-Holocene, 246
Mid-Mesozoic, 640
Mid-Paleozoic, 640
Miller, Richard E., *see* Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Miller, Richard E., Thomas R. Buckley, and Paul S. Manos, Examination of the monophyly of morning glory taxa using Bayesian phlogenetic inference, 740–753
Mimagathidini, 453, 469, 475
Minimum applied gap (MIG), 167
Minimum evolution, 456, 461, 466–467, 589, 596, 602
  analysis, 434
  tree, 457
Minimum-length trees, 418, 633
Miocene, 443, 970
Miracinae, 453, 475
Mirax, 466
  lithocolletidis, 475
Missing
  characters, 370, 788
  data, 369–381
Mitochondrial
  DNA, 2, 44–68, 69–91, 155–156, 159, 161, 163, 230, 242–244, 247–248, 258, 262, 264, 268, 411, 416, 420, 423, 425–426, 432, 510, 516–517, 519, 574–576, 581, 584, 600, 603, 606–608, 615, 618, 622, 628, 638, 640, 643, 660, 931, 938, 946–958
  genes, 4–5, 7–8, 10, 12–13, 19, 24, 38, 77, 414, 615, 639–641, 653, 660, 787, 930, 950–951
  gene tree, 615
  genomes, 512, 619, 638, 640, 643–644, 788, 950–951
  protein sequences, 492–493, 502
  sequences, 113–135
  tree, 421, 610
Mitsukurina, 584
Mitu, 947, 949, 953–954
  tuberosa, 948
Mixed-model analysis, 19, 21–22, 28
Model misspecification and probabilistic tests of topology: evidence from empirical data sets, Thomas R. Buckley, 509–523
Models

amino acid-based, 738
Bayes, 709
Bayesian, 755
birth–death, 881–882, 887
broken-stick, 899
coalescent, 881
clock, 755
codon-based, 737–738
coevolutionary, 232
constant-rates, 882
digital elevation, 306–307, 309
diversification, 182
DNA substitution, 740, 745–749
equal-rates Markov (ERM), 844, 848, 850–851, 866, 869–871, 889, 891–892, 894, 913
ERM null, 866, 908
ERM random branching, 855–865
ERM time inclusive null, 910
ERM time slice, 910
ERM time slice null, 911–912
evolutionary, 549, 616, 627, 874, 881, 912–913
Felsenstein, 98, 417, 537, 617–618, 628–629, 829
Fisher's, 263
FL1P speciational, 543
general reversible, 32
general-time-reversible (GTR), 8–10, 12, 14, 32–33, 35, 49, 51–54, 77, 98–99, 109, 119, 121, 124, 157, 417–418, 421, 513–516, 521, 537, 574, 589, 617–620, 622–623, 628, 733, 738, 742, 745–746, 749, 769, 790, 829
Hasegawa–Kishino–Yano (HKY), 7, 9, 23–24, 35, 49, 52, 119, 121, 125, 127, 230, 417, 421, 537, 589–590, 595–596, 617–618, 628–629, 632, 635–636, 642, 704, 707, 710–711, 829, 836–837
hierarchical, 701
Jukes–Cantor, 7, 9, 37, 119, 121, 417, 456–457, 513–516, 537, 617–618, 628–629, 635–636692, 729–730, 732
Kimura three-parameter, 417
Kimura two-parameter, 7, 119, 121, 417, 444, 513–516, 537, 628–629
Kullback–Leibler, 7–10, 14
lognormal models, 705, 707–708
maximum likelihood, 417, 457, 791
maximum likelihood substitution, 829
nested, 790
nonreversible, 32–43
nonreversible DNA substitution, 1
nuclear substitution, 509–523, 692
null, 735, 833, 839–840, 855, 866, 899, 902, 910
parameter rich, 619
phylogenetic, 7, 33, 35, 157–158, 740–741, 746, 749, 801
simulation, 588
stationary, 618, 622
stationary substitution, 829
substitution, 158, 509, 513, 517–518, 741, 798, 830
time-reversible Markov, 729
tree, 591
vicariance, 648–649
Model
selection, 4–18
selection uncertainty, 4–18
Molecular and morphological phlogenetics of weevils (Coleoptera, Curculionoidea): do niche shifts accompany diversification?, Marvaldi, Adriana E., Andrea S. Sequeira, Charles W. O'Brien, and Brian D. Farrell, 761–785
Molecular characters, 600, 769
Molecular clock (see also Non-parametric rate smoothing, Bayesian clocklike model), 1–2, 32–33, 37–40, 164, 417, 444, 537, 565, 606, 682–702, 703–714, 757–758, 835–843, 848, 882, 934
hypothesis, 711
local, 703–714
Molecular data, 925
Molecular evolution, 2, 30, 88, 92, 464, 536, 538, 622, 729, 735, 738, 834, 881, 985, 992
Molecular evolution: a phylogenetic approach, (rev.), Sydney A. Cameron and James B. Whitfield, 536–538
Molecular incongruence, 436
Molecular markers, 411, 831
Molecular parsimony, 657
Molecular phylogenetics, 881
Molecular phylogenetic study of the Palmae (Arecaceae) based on *atp*B, *rbc*L, and 18S nrDNA sequences, William J. Hahn, 92–112
Molecular phylogeny, 366–367, 434, 410–431, 536, 556, 560, 786–787, 829, 882, 946–958
Molecular phylogeny of grouse: individual and combined performance of W-linked, autosomal, and mitochondrial loci, Sergei V. Drovetski, 930–945
Molecular studies, 399
Molecular systematics, 44–68, 69–91, 382, 570–587, 828
Molecular systematics and plant evolution, (rev.), Scot A. Kelchner, 382–385
Molecular systematics of the eastern fence lizard (*Sceloporus undulatus*); a comparison of parsimony, likelihood, and Bayesian approaches, Adam D. Leaché and Tod W. Reeder, 44–68
Molecular tree, 638
Moles, 661
Mollusks, 257, 269, 840, 921, 926
cephalopod, 919
Molongum, 391, 401
laxum, 393
Molytinae, 763, 765, 777
Moncrieff, Clive B., *see* Wilkinson, Mark,—
Mondia, 391, 405
ecornuta, 393
Monkeys
African green, 530
New World, 862
Old World, 861–862
vervet, 534
Monoblastus sp., 477
Monocots, 283–284, 287, 294, 762, 768, 777–778, 836–838, 923–924, 926
Monoctonus pseudoplatani, 473
Monogenea, 193
Monotone test, 506
Monotremata, 487
Monotremes, 487

Monte Carlo
investigation, 205
permutation, 339, 350, 353
sets, 820–821
simulation (see also computer simulation, simulation), 205, 207, 418, 820, 862, 883–884, 887, 911–912
study, 204, 215
Mooers, Arne Ø. and Stephen B. Heard, Using tree shape, 833–834
Mooers, Arne Ø., *see* Heard, Stephen B.,—
Mooers, Arne Ø., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Moore, Brian R., *see* Chan, Kai M.A.,—
Moritz, Craig, Strategies to protect biological diversity and the evolutionary processes that sustain it, 238–254
Morning glory, 740–741, 749–750
Morphological
analysis, 36–37, 269, 401, 769
characters, 19, 26, 76–77, 94, 108, 180, 193, 382, 399–400, 438–441, 452, 600, 614, 661, 761, 776–777, 786, 802, 910
evolution, 88, 176, 442, 786–787, 803
incongruence, 436
parsimony, 178
phylogeny, 113–135, 438
systematics, 69–91
trees, 772
variation, 317–330
Morphology, 61, 76, 89, 114, 219, 232, 248, 383, 391, 761–785
pollen, 402
Morphology-based clades, 75
Morphometric characters, 81, 84
Morphometrics, 817–822
Mosquito, 881, 884–885
Mosses, 700
Most-parsimonius,
trees, 21, 23, 52, 125, 127, 151–152, 371, 376, 421, 524, 616–618, 628, 746, 772, 798, 800
Most recent common ancestor (MRCA), 156–157, 159–162, 164, 850–851
Mostuea, 391
brunonis, 393
Moths
hepialid, 5
Mound-building mouse, 425
Mouse, 410, 431, 503, 575–576, 640
African pygmy, 414
house, 410, 424
Japanese, 414
Mediterranean short-tailed, 418, 425
mound-building, 425
shrew, 414
spiny, 414
wild, 411
Moxostoma hubbsi, 208
mRNA, 600, 606–607, 613
Mucuna, 282
sloanei, 282
Multigene
analysis, 697, 699, 701
families, 570–587
Multiple regression analysis, 669
Multiscale bootstrap, 492–508
Multivariate analysis, 555, 926
Muridae, 410–431
Mus, 410–431
caroli, 410, 413, 418, 420–421, 424–426, 431
castaneus, 418
cervicolor, 410, 413, 418, 420–421, 424–426, 431
cookii, 410, 413, 418, 420–421, 424–425, 431
domesticus, 418
macedonicus, 410, 413, 418, 421, 425, 431
minutoides, 413, 431
molossinus, 418
musculus, 410, 412, 414, 418, 503, 641
musculus bactrianus, 412
musculus castaneus, 410, 412–414, 424, 431
musculus domesticus, 410, 412–414, 416, 424, 431
musculus molossinus, 410, 413–414, 424, 431
musculus musculus, 410, 412–414, 424, 431
pahari, 413, 431
saxicola, 413–414
spretus, 410, 413, 418, 420–421, 424–426, 431
splicilegus, 410, 413, 418, 421, 424–425, 431
Muscovy duck, 601
Muskrats (*see also Ondatra zibethicus*), 199, 210–211
Mussels, 256–257, 267
zebra, 256, 269
Myersalna depicta, 6, 12
Myllenyxis sp., 477
Myoporaceae, 282
Myoporum, 282
Myosaurus, 190–191
Myriapoda, 512
Myrmex, 768
floridanus, 765, 785
laevicollis, 785
Myrsinaceae, 284, 298
Myrtaceae, 282, 284, 293–294, 298
Myxiniformes, 713

NADH, 788
Nannomys, 410–431
Nanophyinae, 776
Narceus americanus, 512
Natural selection, 554–569
Naupactina, 765
Naupactus, 768
peregrinus, 765
Naylor, Gavin J.P., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
ND1, 44, 48–49, 52, 56, 63, 613, 788, 791, 796, 798–799
tree, 796
ND2, 116, 118–119, 121, 125, 131–132, 576, 947–948, 951
ND4, 70, 77
ND5, 947–948, 951
*ndh*F, 389–409
nDNA, 383
Neanderthal, 3
Nearest Neighbor Interchange (NNI),
branch–swapping, 576, 589, 594

Near-optimal trees, 588, 597
Nebalia hessleri, 512
Neighbor joining (NJ), 200, 202, 206–207, 212, 215, 231, 845
  heuristic, 589
  methods, 602
  tree, 249–250, 417, 602, 618
  unweighted, 215
Neisosperma, 401
Nematopodius debilis, 476
Nematocera, 713
Nemertodermatida, 192
Nemonychidae, 761–764, 769, 772, 776–777, 779, 785
Neochanna, 433, 439, 444
  cleaveri, 439
Neochromis nigricans, 123
Neognathae, 512, 600, 621, 959
Neognaths, 599, 601, 603, 606–607, 609–610, 616, 618–622
Neolamprologus
  brevis, 114
  brichardi, 115, 124–125
  longior, 115, , 124, 127
  toae, 115, 124
Neoneurinae, 453–454, 475
Neoneurus mantis, 475
Neorhacodes enslini, 476
Neorhacodinae, 476
Neosalanx, 433
Neotetrapoda, 367–368
Neotropical thrinacinae, 102, 108, 110
Neoxorides nitens, 477
Nepticulidae, 453
Nerieae, 390, 404
Nerita, 985
Nerium, 390–391, 404
  oleander, 393
Nesogalaxias, 443
Nesoluma polynesicum, 282–283
Nested clades, 79
Nested-clade analysis (NCA), 2, 69–91, 244
Nested model, 790
Netelia sp., 477
New inferences from tree shape: numbers of missing taxa and population growth rates, O.G. Pybus, A. Rambaut, E.C. Holmes, and P.H. Harvey, 881–888
Newton–Raphson method, 507
New Zealand, 432, 449
New Zealand kauri (Agathis australis (D. Don) Lindl., Araucariaceae) survives Oligocene drowning, Karen Stöckler, Ian L. Daniel, and Peter J. Lockhart, 827–832
Nicodamidae, 846, 849
Nielsen, Rasmus, Mapping mutations on phylogenies, 729–739
Nile perches, 114
Nodal characters, 654, 657
Nomenclature, 389–409
  Linnaean, 389–409
  phylogenetic, 389–409
Nomosphecia melanosoma, 477
Noncyclostome braconids, 846, 849
Non-Markov trees, 893
Nonnus, 454
  sp., 476
Nonparametric
  bootstrap, 7, 44–45, 49, 81, 495, 748, 751, 794
  rate smoothing method (NPRS), 837–840
  Shimodaira–Hasegawa test, 1, 5, 14–15
Non-reversible DNA substitution model, 1
Nonreversible models, 32–43
Nonultrametric trees, 839
Nothocercus, 959, 966–970, 974, 976–977
  bonapartei, 967, 976
  bonapartei bonapartei, 972
  julius, 972, 976
  nigrocapillus, 967, 972, 976
Nothocrax urumutum, 948
Nothoprocta, 959, 961, 964–966, 968–969, 974, 978–979
  cinerascens, 965, 976, 979
  cinerascens cinerascens, 973
  curvirostris, 976, 979
  curvirostris curvirostris, 973
  kalinowskii, 966, 973–974, 779
  ornata, 601, 613
  ornata rosata, 973
  pentlandi, 976, 979
  pentlandi pentlandi, 973
  perdicaria, 976, 979
  perdicaria perdicaria, 973
  perdicaria sanborni, 973
  taczanowskii, 973–974, 979
Nothura, 959, 961, 964, 966, 969, 974–975
  boraquira, 966, 973–974, 978
  chacoensis, 960, 973–974, 978
  darwinii, 976, 978
  darwinii darwinii, 973
  darwinii salvadorii, 973
  maculosa, 976, 978
  maculosa annectes, 973
  maculosa maculosa, 973
  maculosa major, 973
  maculosa nigroguttata, 973
  maculosa pallida, 973
  maculosa paludivaga, 960, 973
  minor, 973–974, 978
Nothurinae, 959, 966, 968
Notoplatypus, 768, 785
  elongatus, 766
Nototrichium divaricatum, 296
nrDNA, 741
Ntopsalta, 4–6, 15
Nuclear
  DNA, 93, 263–264, 577, 606, 608–609, 946–958
  genes, 4–6, 19, 24, 38, 77, 243, 653, 660, 796
  gene tree, 421, 615, 948, 950
  genome, 570, 619, 951
  rDNA, 411, 416, 423, 425
  rRNA, 512
  sequence, 618
  substitution model, 509–523, 692
  tree, 421

Nucleotide
characters, 767
divergence, 249
substitution, 157, 733, 863, 883
substitution rate, 887
Null
distribution, 524–526, 626, 862, 868
hypothesis, 423, 458, 493–494, 508, 519, 524, 560, 629, 640, 696–697, 700, 794, 847, 886, 901, 920
model, 735, 833, 839–840, 855, 866, 899, 902, 910
tree, 514–516
Numididae, 932, 947
Nyactaginaceae, 282
Nymphaceae, 768
Nymphaeales, 846, 849
Nypa, 92, 99–100, 107–108, 110
fruticans, 96
Nypoid, 106
Nypoideae, 92, 95, 102, 109

O'Brien, Charles W., *see* Marvaldi, Adriana E.,—
Ochodaeidae, 846, 849
Ochrosia, 391, 401
coccinea, 393
Ocladiinae, 762, 764, 776, 778
Ocladiini, 764
Ocladius, 768, 785
dianthi, 785
obliquesetosus, 764, 785
Odontaspis, 584
Odontoceti, 847, 849
Odontocolon dentipes, 477
Odontocorynus, 768
sp., 764
Odontophoridae, 932, 947
Oeconesus, 387
Oedemopsis scabricula, 477
Oh brother, where art thou? a bayes factor test for recombination with uncertain heritage, Marc A. Suchard, Robert E. Weiss, Karin S. Dorman, and Janet S. Sinsheimer, 715–728
Old World, 155
Thrinacinae, 100, 110
Oleander, 390
Oligocene, 15, 827–828, 831
Oligoneurus, 454
sp., 474
Olinga, 387
Omnivores, 131
Oncorhynchus
clarki lewisi, 260
clarki ssp., 258
mykiss, 258
Oncosperma tigillarum, 96
Oncospermatinae, 96
Ontogeny, 817–822
Ondatra zibethicus, 210
One-tailed test 869
distribution, 839
Onychomys, 513
Onycophora, 5
Oohara, Ichiro, *see* Waters, Jonathan M.,—
Operational geographic units (OGU), 208
Operculina, 741
brownii, 741–742
Ophion
obscuratus, 477
ventricosus, 477
Ophioninae, 477
Ophthalmotilapia ventralis, 115
Opisthocomus hoatzin, 601, 613
Ophraella, 871
Opossum, 503, 640
Opostegidae, 846, 849
Optimal tree, 153, 443, 451, 492, 622, 654, 740, 794, 797–799, 813, 965
Optimality criterion, 806–816
Optimality criterion to determine areas of endemism, Claudia A. Szumik, Fabiana Cuezzo, Pablo A. Goloboff, and Adriana E. Chalup, 806–816
Orangutan, 707, 710
Orania trispatha, 96
Oraniinae, 96
Orbignya barbosiana, 96
Orchidaceae, 836
Orchids, 836–839
tree, 836
Orconectes
immunis, 267
jeffersoni, 267
obscurus, 267
propinquus, 256, 260–265
rusticus, 256, 260–265, 267
sanbornii, 267
virilis, 260–264, 267
Ordovician/Silurian, 713
Oreobolus furcatus, 293
Oreochromis tanganicae, 114–115, 125, 129
Oreophasinae, 954
Oreophasini, 954
Oreophasis, 947, 949, 951, 953–954
derbianus, 948
Organellar genomes, 638–647
Organismal
evolution, 411
phylogeny, 570, 578–579, 582
tree, 571, 583–584
Orgilini, 453, 469, 475
Orgilonia sp., 475
Orgilus
lepidus, 475
sp. 1, 475
sp. 2, 475
Orionis eximius, 474
Ornitholestes, 376
Ornstein–Uhlenbeck process, 703–714
Orsodacninae, 778
Ortalis, 947, 949, 953–954
canicollis, 948
Orthocentrinae, 477
Orthocentrus sp., 477

Orthochromis, 118, 127, 132
polyacanthus, 115, 124–125
Orthognathini, 764
Orthology, 570–587
Orthopelma mediator, 477
Orthopelmatinae, 477
Orthosia, 391, 406
serpyllifolia, 393
Oryctolagus cuniculus, 503
Oscine songbird, 512
Osmerid, 432–449
Osmeridae, 432–434, 436, 441–443
Osmerinae, 433
Osmerini, 433
Osmeroidea, 433
Osmeroidei, 432–433
Osmerus, 433, 448
mordax, 434
Osteichthyes, 711
Osteological
analysis, 432
characters, 364
phylogeny, 968
tree, 968
Ostrich, 512, 601, 616, 959
Otidocephalinae, 765
Otiorhynchina, 765
Otiorhynchus, 768
sulcatus, 765
Otsheria, 190–191
Oudenodon, 190–191
Outgroup, 32–43, 156, 386–387, 448, 467, 525, 616–617, 767, 794, 796–797, 951, 960
Out-of-Africa hypothesis, 155–156, 163–164
Overparameterization, 754–760
Oxethira, 386
Oxycoryninae, 785
Oxycorynini, 764
Oxycraspedus, 768
cornutus, 764, 785
Oxytorinae, 477
Oxytorus, 454
sp., 477
Oxyops, 768, 779
vitiosa, 765

Pachylobius, 768–769
picivorus, 765
Pachypodium, 391
lamerei, 393
Pairwise tests, 798
Palaeagapetus, 386
Palaeognathae, 959
Palaeognathiformes, 959
Palaeonossax senectus, 955
Paleocene, 432, 443, 955
Paleoecology, 246
Paleognathae, 512, 600
Paleognaths, 599, 601, 603, 606–608, 614, 616, 618–620, 622
Paleognathus birds, 614
Paleontology, 364–369
Paleozoic, 187, 364, 367, 640, 823–825
Palmae, 2, 92–94, 102, 108–109
Palms, 2, 92–93, 102, 106–107, 109
Palophaginae, 763, 779
Palophagoides, 767–768
vargasorum, 763, 768
Palynological characters, 741
Pancrustacea, 512
Pandanaceae, 93
Panicum konense, 299
Panteles, 454
schnetzeanus, 477
Papaveraceae, 299
Paracyprichromis brieni, 115, 124
Paragalaxias, 433
mesotes, 434
Paralinear distances (see also Log Det/Paralinear distance), 618
Paralipsis inervis, 473
Parallel evolution, 62, 439, 536
Paralogy, 570–587
Parametric
bootstrap, 14, 418, 509–523, 738, 829
maximum likelihood test, 5
Parameter identifiability, 754–760
Paraphylax sp., 476
Parasites, 192, 217–220, 230–231, 534, 537, 918
Parasitoids, 450–452
koinobiont, 450–451
Paraxonia, 661
Parema sp., 477
Parnisinni, 6
Paroligoneurus, 452, 454
sp., 474
Parquetina, 391, 396, 405
nigrescens, 393
Parrots, 608
Parsimonious trees,
Parsimony (see also maximum parsimony), 1, 19, 24, 44, 59, 82, 151, 157, 193, 201, 575, 635, 665, 667, 769, 808, 810, 813, 965, 968
algorithms, 650
analysis, 151–152, 418, 421, 432, 439, 442, 525, 577, 617, 654, 746, 761, 769
Camin–Sokal, 442
cladogram, 178, 180, 182, 184–185
Dollo, 442
equally weighted, 618–619, 622
Fitch, 152
gene tree, 570–587
informative characters, 2, 52, 77, 84, 107, 392, 460, 796
informative sites, 742
maximum, 2, 8, 19, 44–45, 49, 51–52, 56, 59, 67–68, 92, 97, 121, 139, 200, 417, 421, 436, 450–451, 466–468, 729–740–753, 767, 790, 794, 797–798, 801, 836–849, 933, 946, 948–949, 954
molecular, 657
morphologic, 178
permutation tail probability, 524–525, 527
permutation tail probability test, 525–527
Sankoff, 959–979
six-parameter, 19–31

tests, 4–5
transversion, 618–622
transversion-weighted, 22
tree lengths, 526
trees, 421, 772, 776
Wagner, 152
weighted, 746
Parsonsia, 391–392, 404–405
heterophylla, 393
Partition analysis, 440
Partition homogeneity, 19–31
test (PHT; see also incongruence length difference [ILD] test), 13–14, 97, 124
Passeriformes, 601, 609, 614, 620
Passerines, 985
birds, 919
New World, 985
Old World, 985
Passer montanus, 601
Patterns of distribution of amphibians: a global perspective, (rev.), W.E. Duellman (Ed.), 980–981
Patterns of endangerment in the Hawaiian flora, Ann K. Sakai, Warren L. Wagner, and Loyal A. Mehrhoff, 276–302
Patranomodon, 176, 190–191
Pauesia juniperorum, 473
Pauria, 401
Pauropsalta johanae, 6
Pauxi, 947, 949, 953–954
pauxi, 948
Paxylommatinae, 477
p-distances, 629, 830
Pearson coefficients, 545
Pectinate trees, 584
Pedetontus saltator, 512
Pedunculinae, 452
Pelanomodon, 190–191
Peltastes, 391, 405
peltatum, 393
Penelope, 947, 953–955
obscura, 948
Penelopina, 947, 952–955
nigra, 948
Penelopinae, 947, 954
Penelopini, 954
Penestes, 768
sp. , 764
Penkrot, Tonya A., *see* Wiens, John J.,—
Pennisetum clandestinum, 299
Pentopetia, 391, 396, 405
sp., 393
Peperomia, 282
Perching birds, 614
Perdix, 934
dauuricae, 934–935, 945
perdix, 934–935
Peregrine falcon, 616
Perelleschus, 768, 785
carludovicae, 765
Pereira, Sérgio L., Allan J. Baker, and Anita Wajntal, Combined nuclear and mitochondrial DNA sequences resolve generic relationships within the Cracidae (galliformes, aves), 946–958
Peres-Neto, Pedro R., *see* Wilkinson, Mark,—
Perilissus sp., 476
Perils of paralogy: using HSP70 genes for inferring organismal phylogenies, Andrew P. Martin and Theresa M. Burg, 570–587
Periods
cambrian, 703, 711, 713, 921–922
cretaceous, 255, 778, 828, 831, 908–909, 912–913, 915, 954
early Miocene, 953
early Oligocene, 953, 955
early Pliocene, 953
eocene, 168, 955
jurassic, 364, 772, 776–777, 779, 822
late Cretaceous, 914–915
late Miocene
late Tertiary, 828
lower cretaceous, 776
mesozoic, 187, 443, 777,
mid-Cretaceous, 772, 776, 778, 914–915
mid-Holocene, 246
mid-Mesozoic, 640
mid-Paleozoic, 640
miocene, 443, 970
ordovician/silurian, 713
oligocene, 15, 827–828, 831
paleocene, 432
paleozoic, 187, 364, 367, 640, 823–825
permian, 180, 187, 255
pleistocene, 61, 251, 256, 280, 296, 443
pliocene, 443, 565, 955
post-Oligocene, 828
pre-Miocene, 955
pre-Pleistocene, 828
quaternary, 246–247, 828
tertiary, 444, 830, 915, 954
triassic, 180, 187
upper cretaceous, 776, 778
Periplaneta americana, 512
Periploca, 391, 396, 398, 405
graeca, 393
Periploceae, 396, 404–405
Periplocoideae, 390–391, 396, 403, 405
Perissodini, 115–117, 125, 127, 130
Perissodus microlepsis, 115, 124
Peristenus sp., 474
Permian, 180, 255
Permutation test, 217–234
Peromyscus, 513
Perry, William L., David M. Lodge, and Jeffrey L. Feder, Importance of hybridization between indigenous and nonindigenous freshwater species: an overlooked threat to North American biodiversity, 255–275
Pervillea, 405
Petopentia, 391, 405
natalensis, 393
Petrochromis orthognathus, 115, 124
Phaenolobus sp., 475
Phanerotoma sp., 474

Phanerotomella sp., 474
Pharus, 140
Phasianidae, 930, 947
Phasianids, 934
Phasianinae, 941, 945
Phasianus colchicus, 934, 945
Pheasant, 945
Phenotypes, 238, 240, 243, 549
Phenotypic characters, 801
Phloeotribina, 766
Phloeotribus, 768
  puberulus, 766
Phoca vitulina, 503
Phoeniceae, 95
Phoenix, 110
  dactylifera, 95
Phrudinae, 477
Phrudus badensis, 477
Phrynosomatinae, 847, 849
Phygadeuon sp., 476
Phryganea, 386
Phryganopsyche, 386
Phrynosomatid lizards, 45
Phyllobrotica, 871
Phylloplatypus, 768
  pandani, 766
Phyllostegia, 281
Phylocentropus , 386–387
PhyloCode, 389, 397–399, 822–827
Phylogenesis, 871
Phylogenetically informative characters, 417
Phylogenetic
  accuracy, 588–598, 625, 635–636
  analysis, 1–2, 19, 23, 30, 44, 56, 63, 74–75, 81–82, 100, 118, 124, 136, 156, 193, 200, 210, 217–234, 279, 364, 369, 380, 384, 410, 416–417, 424, 455, 495, 512, 520, 536, 541, 567, 572, 576, 582, 592, 603, 608–609, 620, 622–623, 667, 670, 740–741, 749, 767, 769, 829, 835, 878, 898, 901, 903–905, 946–948, 950–951
  artifacts, 455
  character, 414, 416
  comparative method (PCM), 873–878
  comparative method analysis, 873, 876, 878
  congruence, 435, 649
  contexts, 524
  data, 524
  definition, 367, 399
  error, 541–553, 588–598, 667, 670, 873, 882
  estimates, 465, 588, 635
  framework, 478–491
  generalized least squares (PGLS), 877
  history, 156, 582, 625, 632, 635
  hypothesis, 3, 166, 168, 175, 180, 397–398, 509, 527, 542, 571–572, 579, 581, 584, 626, 662, 909, 930, 952, 968
  inference, 538, 570, 572, 597, 599, 620, 640, 644, 664–645, 669, 740, 803, 947
  information, 298, 608–609, 873–874, 877, 960
  level, 528
  lineages, 554
  methods, 591, 751
  model, 7, 33, 35, 157–158, 740–741, 746, 749, 801
  nomenclature, 364, 368, 389–409, 822–827
  nonbinary tree, 202
  patterns, 279
  reconstruction, 14, 207, 512, 610, 638–647, 664, 761, 800, 808, 829, 908, 930–931, 942, 960, 969
  relations, 661
  relationships, 162, 176, 192, 255, 268, 279, 342, 347, 410, 425, 436, 438, 463, 469–470, 509, 527, 554, 559–560, 571–572, 583–584, 602, 609, 707, 761, 769, 786, 817, 875–876, 900, 910, 920, 930, 946–947, 953
  research, 662
  scale, 590, 860
  signal, 8, 12, 30, 119, 127, 152–153, 410, 527, 599, 633, 638–639, 641, 772, 931, 942
  similarity, 528–535
  Species Concept, 242
  structure, 527
  studies, 180, 280, 320, 426, 640, 900, 932
  supertrees, 151, 984
  systematics, 855
  taxonomy, 389, 823
  tests, 829, 835, 905
  tools, 653
  tree, 13, 32–33, 36, 38, 40–42, 44, 136–138, 155–158, 162–163, 167, 169, 199–216, 217, 220–221, 223, 230–232, 435, 478, 537, 570, 588, 594, 602, 638, 665, 690, 729, 793–794, 799, 801, 833, 887, 891, 895, 908, 915, 930
  tree balance, 898–907
  tree shapes, 835–843, 889–890
  uncertainty, 155–156, 163–164, 861–862
  utility, 382
  weighting, 238
Phylogenetic balance and ecological evenness, Campbell O. Webb and Nigel C.A. Pitman, 898–907
Phylogenetic placement of retropinnid fishes: data set incongruence can be reduced by using asymmetric character state transformation costs, Jonathan M. Waters, Toshiro Saruwatari, Takanori Kobayashi, Ichiro Oohara, Robert M. McDowall, and Graham P. Wallis, 432–449
Phylogenetic relationships in the genus *Mus*, based on paternally, maternally, and biparentally inherited characters, Barbara L. Lundrigan, Sharon A. Jansa, and Priscilla K. Tucker, 410–431
Phylogenetics, 4–18, 33, 204, 383, 492–508, 729–739, 761–785, 980, 985
  Bayesian, 570
Phylogeny (see also Tree), 15, 21, 24, 35, 41, 44–45, 53, 56, 61–62, 69, 75, 94, 136–150, 155, 157, 176–191, 192–193, 199, 217, 219, 232, 279, 328, 364–369, 383, 389–409, 411, 416, 424, 426, 450, 457–458, 478, 480, 490, 510, 512–513, 528–532, 534, 537, 541–543, 547–548, 550, 557, 563–564, 567, 572, 574, 583, 592, 597, 608, 615, 617, 623, 626, 628, 644, 664–665, 689–702, 703–714, 729–731, 733, 735,

738, 740, 754, 759, 767, 777, 786–805, 829, 848, 850, 862, 866–872, 873, 881–883, 889–897, 898, 900–903, 905, 908, 910–911, 912–915, 925, 930–945, 984
avian, 620, 623
bird, 512, 835
combined data, 423
consensus, 542
estimates, 450–451, 455, 457, 464–465, 467, 665
four-taxon, 2
hypothetical, 543
Phylogeny imbalance: taxonomic level matters, Andy Purvis and Paul–Michael Agapow, 844–854
Phylogeny, inaccurate, 546
Phylogeny, mammalian, 594, 654, 670
Phylogeny, molecular, 113–135, 366–367, 410–431, 434, 536, 556, 829, 882, 946–958
Phylogeny, morphological, 438
Phylogeny of the Lake Tanganyika Cichlid species flock and its relationship to the central and east African haplochromine Cichlid fish faunas, Walter Salzburger, Axel Meyer, Sanja Baric, Erik Verheyen, and Christian Sturmbauer, 113–135
Phylogeny of the oriental *Drosphilia melanogaster* species group: a multilocus reconstruction, Artyom Kopp and John R. True, 786–805
Phylogeny of the Tinamous (aves: palaeognathiformes) based on integumentary characters, Sara Bertelli, Norberto P. Giannini, and Pablo A. Goloboff, 959–979
Phylogeny, organismal, 570, 578–579, 582
Phylogeny, osteological, 968
Phylogeny reconstruction, 790, 848
Phylogeny reconstruction and functional constraints in organellar genomes: plastid *atp*B and *rbc*L sequences versus animal mitochondrion, Vincent Savolainen, Mark W. Chase, Nicolas Salamin, Douglas E. Soltis, Pamela S. Soltis, Andrés J. López, Olivier Fédrigo, and Gavin J.P. Naylor, 638–647
Phylogeny, robust, 761
Phylogeny shape (see also Tree shape), 844–854, 873–874
Phylogeny shape and phylogenetic comparative method, Emília P. Martins and Elizabeth A. Housworth, 873–880
Phylogeny, star, 873, 875–876
Phylogeny, true, 545–548, 551, 874
Phylogeography, 44–68, 69–91, 238–254, 317–330, 554–569, 985
Phytelephantoideae, 92, 96, 100, 102, 109–110
Phytelephas aequatorialis, 96
Phytobiini, 765
Phytobius, 768
sp., 765
Phytophagous, 454
insects, 762
Piazurini, 766
Piazurus, 768
maculipes, 766
Picralima, 391, 402
nitida, 393
Picrostigeus recticauda, 477
Pigs, 296, 653
Pimplinae, 477
Pinus clausa-Quercus, 61
Pion sp., 476
Piperaceae, 282–284, 294
Pipile, 947, 949, 953–955
jacutinga, 948
Pipunculidae, 846, 849
Pisani, Davide and Mark Wilkinson, Matrix representation with parsimony, taxonomic congruence, and total evidence, 151–154
Piscivores, 131
Pisonia, 282
Pitcairnioideae, 846, 849
Pitman, Nigel C.A., *see* Webb, Campbell O.,—
Pittosporaceae, 277, 284, 298
Pittosporum, 277, 298
Pityogenes sp., 766, 768
Pityophthorus sp., 766, 768
Placental mammals, 481, 487, 489–490
Placerias, 190–191
Planktivores, 131
Planktotrophic larvae, 894
Plants, 277, 297, 303, 309, 337, 339, 382, 390, 639–640, 700, 761, 768, 777, 828, 835–836, 841, 846, 849, 898–899, 904, 917, 922–925, 955
endangered, 276–302
evolution, 382
flowering, 768, 924
genes, 700
studies, 780
vascular, 339, 353–354, 643, 700, 777, 779
woody, 922–923
Plant tree, 640
Plasmodium, 383
Plastid
DNA, 638–640, 642–643
genes, 19, 640–641, 644
genome, 94, 643
Platyhelminthes, 3, 192–193
Platypodinae, 761–762, 766, 769, 777–779
Platypodini, 761, 766
Platypus, 785
sp., 766, 768
Platystomini, 764
Plecodus straeleni, 115, 124
Plecoglossinae, 433
Plecoglossus, 433, 448
altivelis, 434
Pleiocarpeae, 402
Pleioceras, 404
Pleiocarpa, 391, 402
mutica, 393
Pleistocene, 61, 251, 256, 280, 296, 443
Pleurocerid snails, 269
Pleurodira, 847, 849
Pliocene, 443, 565, 955
Plocosperma, 397–398
Plucheeae, 846, 849

Plumeria, 391, 402–403
inodora, 393
Plumerieae, 391, 399, 401–404
Plumerioideae, 390, 399, 402
Poaceae, 93, 136–150, 283–284, 299
Podalyrieae, 846, 849
Podocarpus, 830
Podocopceae, 96
Podococcus barteri, 96
Poecilocryptus nigromaculatus, 476
Poemenia hectica, 477
Poemeniinae, 477
Poisson
distribution, 37, 730, 758
process, 703–704, 758
Pollination, 319, 405
bird, 319
insect, 319
Pollock, David D., Derrick J. Zwickl, Jimmy A. McGuire, and David M. Hillis, Increased taxon sampling is advantageous for phylogenetic inference, 664–671
Polyblastus sp., 477
Polydrosina, 765
Polydrusus, 768
sericeus, 765
Polymerase chain reaction (PCR), 6, 118, 392, 557, 570, 574, 583, 763, 829
amplification, 434, 787
Polymorphic characters, 74, 84
Polyphaginae, 846, 849
Population aggregation analysis, 76
Population genetics, 69–91
Population-level trees, 76
Portulaca, 282
Portulacaceae, 282
Potamilus
alatus, 269
inflatus, 269
purpuratus, 269
Potential applications and pitfalls of Bayesian inference of phylogeny, John P. Huelsenbeck, Bret Larget, Richard E. Miller, and Fredrik Ronquist, 673–688
Potentially informative characters, 767
Powell, Martyn P., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Power, 866–872
Power analysis, 217–234
Power of eight tree shape statistics to detect nonrandom diversification: a comparison of simulation of two models of cladogenesis, Paul–Michael Agapow and Andy Purvis, 866–872
Praon pequodorum, 473
Prairie chicken, 944
Predictability, 917–929
Preferential host switching, 528–535
Preferential host switching by primate lentiviruses can account for phylogenetic similarity with the primate phylogeny, M.A. Charleston and D.L. Robertson, 528–535
Pre-Miocene, 955
Presence–absence data, 208, 219, 304
Pressey, R.L., *see* Desmet, P.G.,—
Prestoea/Euterpe, 97
Prestoea acuminata, 96
Prestonia, 391, 404–405
quinquangularis, 393
Primary trees, 370, 372–373, 377
Primates, 37–39, 377, 516–517, 519, 528–535, 862, 899
tree, 533
Primulaceae, 277, 298
Principle components, 873–880
Principle component analysis (PCA), 555, 558, 602, 606, 819–821
Prioninae, 763
Prionus, 767–768
laticollis, 768
Prioritization, 238–254
Priority, 822–827
Pristerodon, 190–191
Pristerognathus, 191
Pristomerus vulnerator, 476
Pritchardipsis jeanneneyi, 95
Proavga, 464, 470
sp., 475
Proboscidea, 377
Probles sp, 477
Procambarus clarkii, 263
Procericambarus, 267
Proclitus sp., 477
Procompsognathus, 376
Procrax brevipes, 955
Procrustes superimposition, 817–818
Prokaryotes, 536
Proseriata, 192
Protein-coding genes, 13–14, 125, 444, 589
Protein sequence, 689
Protergyrinus, 824
Proterops, 457
sp., 474
Protoptila, 386
Protosalanx, 433
Protostomes, 711
Prototroctes, 432–433, 436, 448
maraena, 433–434
oxyrynchus, 433
Prototroctidae, 433
Pruned trees, 370, 372–373, 377
Pseudephedrus chilensis, 473
Pseudocarcharias, 584
Pseudocremnops sp., 473
Pseudocrenilabrus, 118, 127, 132
multicolor, 115, 124–125
Pseudognamptodon sp., 475
Pseudomopsis, 768, 785
inflata, 765
Pseudopanax, 5
Pseudophoenix vinifera, 95
Pseudopraon mindariphagum, 473
Pseudorhyssa alpestris, 477
Pseudosimochromis curvifrons, 115, 124
Pseudostenophylax, 386
Pseudotropheus msobo, 123

Psilotreta, 386
Psychomyia, 386–387
Ptarmigan
  rock, 944
  white–tailed, 944
  willow, 944
Pteridophyta, 768
Pterocnemia, 976
  pennata, 960, 975
  pennata garleppi, 972
  pennata pennata, 972
Pterygota, 711
Ptychoderes, 768
  nebulosus, 764
Ptychoderini, 764
Ptychosperma burretianum, 96
Ptychospermatinae, 96
Puelia, 140–141
Pupal characters, 762
Purvis, Andy and Paul-Michael Agapow, Phylogeny imbalance: taxonomic level matters, 844–854
Purvis, Andy, *see* Agapow, Paul–Michael, 866–872
P-values, 1–5, 8, 221, 420, 492, 494–495, 497–500, 502–505, 507–508, 509, 514–517, 519–520, 526, 530, 629, 635–636, 707, 738, 740, 794, 798–800, 838–839, 844, 847, 861, 868, 905, 939
  Bonferroni–corrected, 793–794, 798–799
Pybus, O.G., A. Rambaut, E.C. Holmes, and P.H. Harvey, New inferences from tree shape: numbers of missing taxa and population growth rates, 881–888
Pycnocentrodes, 387
Pygostolus sp., 474
Pyromys, 410–431

Quadrula quadrula, 268
Quail, 945
  New World, 932
Qualitative characters, 84
Quantitative characters, 74, 81
Quaternary, 246–247, 828
Quicke, Donald L.J., *see* Belshaw, Robert,—

Rabbits, 503
RAG–1, 574–576, 581, 584, 613, 613
Rails, 608
Rambaut, A., *see* Pybus, O.G.,—
Rana
  pipiens, 824
  subaquavocalis, 981
Random
  matrix, 525
  phylogenies, 541–553
  trees, 159, 542, 545, 550, 633
Randomization, 524–527, 838–839
  test, 524, 527, 840, 868, 878, 898–907
Rank-based tests, 901
Rank correlation coefficients, 700
Rank-free tests, 899
Rannala, Bruce, Identifiability of parameters in MCMC Bayesian inference of phylogeny, 754–760
Rarity, 276–302
Ratchet method, 769
Rate of evolution, 703–714, 761
Ratitae, 959
Ratite, 599–613, 619–620, 960
Rats, 299, 575, 640
Rattus, 413–414, 418, 424
  exulans, 431
  norvegicus, 38, 641
Rauvolfia, 391, 401
  mannii, 393
Rauvolfioideae, 391, 396
Ravenea hildebrandii, 95
*rbc*L, 92–94, 97–100, 102, 109, 138, 146, 389–409, 638–647, 697, 700, 829–830, 836–837
rDNA, 94, 382–383, 660
Reconstruction of biogeographic and evolutionary networks using reticulograms, Pierre Legendre and Vladimir Makarenkov, 199–216
Reductive characters, 442, 449
Redundancy analysis, 341
Red-winged blackbird, 601
Reeder, Tod W., *see* Leaché, Adam D.,—
Reganochromis, 117
Regional conservation planning, 331–363
Reinhardtia simplex, 96
Relative abundance distribution, 898–907
Relative completeness index, 177–178, 180–182, 184–186
Relevant character, 370
Reptiles, 257, 271, 339, 354, 608, 955
Reptiliomorphs, 364
Resolution of a supertree/supermatrix paradox, John Gatesy, Conrad Matthee, Rob DeSalle, and Cheryl Hayashi, 652–663
Restionaceae, 846, 849
Retention Index, 3, 98, 100, 125, 166–176, 418, 633–635, 638–647, 772, 951
Retropinna, 432–433, 436, 439–440, 448
  retropinna, 433–434
  semoni, 433–434
  tasmanica, 432, 434
Retropinnid, 432–449
Retropinnidae, 432–434, 436, 438, 440–443
Rhabdadenia, 391, 404–405
  biflora, 393
Rhachiocephalus, 190–191
Rhamphinae, 765
Rhapis subtilis, 95
Rhea, 512, 601, 619–620, 959, 976
  americana, 601, 613, 616, 960
  americana albescens, 972
Rheidae, 960
Rhimphoctona sp., 476
Rhinoncus, 768
  longulus, 765
Rhinoryhnchinae, 763–764
Rhinotia, 768, 785
  sp., 764
Rhinostomus, 768
  niger, 764
Rhodopsalta, 4–6, 12–13, 15

cruentata, 6
leptomera, 6
Rhopalophorus, 453
sp., 474
Rhopalotria, 768, 785
mollis, 785
sp., 764
Rhyacophila, 386–387
Rhyephenes, 768, 785
humeralis, 765
Rhynchitinae, 762–764
Rhynchitini, 764
Rhynchitomacerinus, 768
kuscheli, 764
Rhyncholini, 766
Rhyncholus sp., 785
Rhynchonkos, 822
Rhynchophorus, 768, 785
Rhynchophorini, 764
Rhynchophorus cruentatus, 764
Rhynchotinae, 959
Rhynchotus, 959–961, 966–967, 969, 978–979
maculicollis, 967
rufescens, 967
rufescens catingae, 973
rufescens maculicollis, 964, 967, 973, 976
rufescens pallescens, 967, 973, 976, 979
rufescens rufescens, 967, 973, 976, 979
Rhyssella approximator, 477
Rhyssinae, 477
Rhytirrhininae, 765, 778–779
Richardson, K., *see* Funk, V.A.,—
Richardson, K.S., *see* Funk, V.A.,—
Richardson, Michael K., *see* Jeffery, Jonathan E.,—
Rivea clarkeana, 741
RNA, 14, 386, 456, 599, 836, 884
Robertia, 190–191
Robertson, D.L., *see* Charleston, M.A.,—
Robustness of ancestral state estimates: evolution of life history strategy in ichneumonoid parasitoids, Robert Belshaw and Donald L.J. Quicke, 450–477
Robust phylogeny, 761
Rock dove, 601
Rodent, 410, 513, 519–520, 919
Rodentia, 37–39
Rogadinae, 475
Rogas sp., 475
Ronquist, Fredrik, see Huelsenbeck, John P.,—
Rooted tree, 731
Rooting, 32–43
Root mean square (RMS), 820–821
Rosaceae, 282
Rose periwinkle, 390
Roystonea, 99–100, 109
regia, 96
Roystoneinae, 96
*rps*16, 93, 97, 99, 102
rRNA, 2, 48, 108, 537
genes, 7–8, 13–14
Rubiaceae, 284, 398
Rubus, 277
Ruminantia, 654, 659–661
Rusty crayfish, 256
Rutaceae, 284, 298

Saba, 401
Sabal, 99–100, 110
dominguensis, 95
Sabalinae, 95
Safe Taxonomic Reduction (STR), 371–372, 376, 378
Sakai, A.K., *see* Funk, V.A.,—
Sakai, Ann K., Warren L. Wagner, and Loyal A. Mehrhoff, Patterns of endangerment in the Hawaiian flora, 276–302
Salacca, 99–100, 109
zalacca, 95
Salamanders, 256, 822–823, 846
Ensatina, 77
Salamin, Nicolas, Trevor R. Hodkinson, and Vincent Savolainen, Building supertrees: an empirical assessment using the grass family (Poaceae), 136–150
Salamin, Nicolas, *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Salangichthys, 433
microdon, 434
Salangini, 433, 448
Salanx, 433
Salmo, 434
salar, 38, 434
trutta, 258
Salmonoid, 448
Salvinius fontinalis, 258
Salzburger, Walter, Axel Meyer, Sanja Baric, Erik Verheyen, and Christian Sturmbauer, Phylogeny of the Lake Tanganyika Cichlid species flock and its relationship to the central and east African haplochromine Cichlid fish faunas, 113–135
Sampling
error, 530
trees, 575
Sankoff
parsimony, 959–979
step-matrices, 481
Santalaceae, 284
Sapindaeae, 295
Sapotaceae, 282–283
Sardines, 114
Saruwatari, Toshiro, *see* Waters, Jonathan M.,—
Sathon falcatus, 475
Sauromalus, 87
Saurornitholestes, 376
Savolainen, Vincent, Mark W. Chase, Nicolas Salamin, Douglas E. Soltis, Pamela S. Soltis, Andrés J. López, Olivier Fédrigo, and Gavin J.P. Naylor, Phylogeny reconstruction and functional constraints in organellar genomes: plastid *atp*B and *rbc*L sequences versus animal mitochondrion, 638–647
Savolainen, Vincent, see Salamin, Nicolas,—

Savolainen, Vincent, Stephen B. Heard, Martyn P. Powell, T, Jonathan Davies, and Arne Ø. Mooers, Is cladogenesis heritable?, 835–843
Scadentia, 377
Scaevola taccada, 295
Scallops, 919
Sceloporus, 47, 69–70, 74, 76, 79, 88
belli, 44–46, 56, 63, 66
cautus, 44–46, 56, 59, 62–63, 66
consobrinus, 45, 62
cowlesi, 63
cyanogenys, 85
exsul, 45–46, 59
graciosus, 47, 66
grammicus, 79
horridus, 47, 66
jarrovii, 63, 69–70, 77, 79, 82, 84–86
j. erythrocyaneus, 85–86
j. immucronatus, 83, 85–86
j. jarrovii, 83–86
j. minor, 83, 85–87
j. oberon, 83, 85–87
j. sugillatus, 83, 85–87
lineolateralis, 83, 86
magister, 47, 66
megalepidurus, 47, 66
minor, 63, 88
mucronatus, 47, 66
oberon, 63, 87–88
occidentalis, 45–46, 56, 66
olivaceus, 47, 66
ornatus, 83
thayerii, 62
torquatus, 85
tristichus, 45, 62
undulatus, 44–68
u. belli, 47
u. consobrinus, 66
u. cowlesi, 63, 66
u. elongatus, 61, 66
u. erythrocheilus, 66
u. garmani, 66
u. hyacinthinus, 66
u. speari, 47, 56, 66
u. tedbrowni, 66
u. tristichus, 56, 61–62, 66
u. undulatus, 66
virgatus, 45–46, 56, 59, 66
woodi, 44–46, 56, 61–62, 66
Schiedea, 277, 281, 294, 297
Schizoprymnus sp., 474
Schizostephanus, 391, 406
alatus, 393
Schizozygia, 391, 401
coffaeoides, 393
sp., 477
Schwetzochromis, 125, 127, 132
malagarazensis, 115, 117, 124, 132
mazimeroensis, 115, 117, 124
Scincidae, 985
Scobius, 813
marshalli, 813
Scolytina, 766
Scolytinae, 763, 766, 769, 777–779
Scolytini, 766
Scolytus, 768, 785
multistriatus, 766
Scorpionida, 711
Scrophulariaceae, 5, 389
Scutigera coleoptera, 512
Seal, 502–503
Secamone, 391, 405–406
afzelii, 393
geayi, 394
Secamonoideae, 390–391, 396, 403, 406
Selaginella, 697
Selection bias, 492–508
Senecio, 382
Sennblad, Bengt and Birgitta Bremer, Classification of Apocynaceae s.l. according to a new approach combining linnaean and phylogenetic taxonomy, 389–409
Sensitivity analysis, 19–31
Sequeira, Andrea S., *see* Marvaldi, Adriana E.,—
Serinus canaria, 601, 613
Sesbania tomentosa, 293, 298
Seymouriamorpha, 364, 824
Seymouriamorphs, 364
Sharks, 570–587
Shape, 817–822
analysis, 817
Sheets, H. David, Miriam L. Zelditch, and Donald L. Swiderski, Growth and shape: measurements and metrics, 817–821
Shimodaira–Hasegawa test, 51, 56, 59, 98, 121, 139, 436, 448, 509–523, 574, 576, 617, 619, 793–794, 799–800, 830, 939
Shimodaira, Hidetoshi, Approximately unbiased test of phylogenetic tree selection, 492–508
Shrews, 661
Shrubs, 740
Siamang, 707–708, 710
Sibariops, 768
concinna, 764
Sigalphinae, 452–453, 475
Sigalphoid, 453
Sigalphus
gyrodontus, 475
irrorator, 475
Signatures of random and selective mass extinctions in phylogenetic tree balance, Stephen B. Heard and Arne Ø. Mooers, 889–897
Signed-rank test, 660
Silene perlmanii, 282
Silverswords, 297
Simulation (see also computer simulation, Monte Carlo simulation), 866–872
analysis, 183, 186
model, 588

Simon, Chris, Bayesian analysis, data combinability, tree rooting, nodal support, species': radiations, supertrees, and phylogenetic uncertainty, 1–3
Simon, Chris, *see* Buckley, Thomas R.,—
Simochromis babaulti, 115, 124
Simulated dataset, 19–31
Simulations, 217–234, 524–527
Simultaneous analysis, 380, 417
Single-copy
genes, 571, 583, 638, 741
nuclear DNA, 411, 423, 425–426
Single gene, 694
analysis, 691, 699–700
data sets, 689–690, 786, 798–799
Single-node tests, 856
Single-tree analysis, 847
Sinsheimer, Janet S., *see* Suchard, Marc A.,—
Sirenia, 377
Sitona, 768, 785
hispidulus, 764
Sitonini, 764
Sitophilus, 768, 785
granarius, 764
Sitophilini, 764
Six-parameter parsimony, 19–31
Size, 817–822
Skytanthus, 401
Smelt, 432–449
Smithornis, 619–620
sharpei, 616
Snails, 247–248, 257, 985
pleurocerid, 269
Snakes
thamnophiine, 480
Socratea exorrhiza, 96
Solenodons, 661
Soltis, Douglas E., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Soltis, Pamela S., *see* Savolainen, Vincent,—
Sophophora, 786
Sørensen similarity coefficients, 208
Source trees, 151–154, 652, 654–655, 657, 659, 661
Spacial surrogates, 317–330
Spathodus erythrodon, 115, 123–125
Spearman's rank correlation, 489, 749, 900, 903
Speciation, 835–843, 889–897, 908–916
Species
accumulation index (SAI), 351, 353
flock, 113–135
level analysis, 299, 847, 901
limits, 44–68, 69–91
trees, 529, 570, 581–582, 584, 947
Spectral analysis, 383
Speirsaenigma, 443
Sphenophorini, 764
Sphenophorus, 768, 785
venatus, 764
Sphindidae, 846
Spicipalpia, 386–387
Spiders, 354, 512
Spiny lizard, 2, 69–70, 74, 76
Spirinchus, 433, 448
lanceolatus, 434
Splitsgraph, 200
Squamata, 847, 849
Stantonia sp., 475
Stapelia, 391, 406
leendertziae, 394
Star phylogeny, 873, 875–876
State (see Character state)
Stationary
lognormal distribution, 705, 707–708, 711, 713
model, 618, 622
substitution model, 829
Statistical test, 217–234, 524–527, 640, 786, 790, 892
Statistical test for host–parasite coevolution, Pierre Legendre, Yves Desdevises, and Eric Bazin, 217–234
Stemminess, 930–945
Stenancylus sp., 766, 768, 785
Stenogyne, 298
Stenopelmini, 764
Stenopelmus, 768–769
rufinasus, 764
Stenopsyche, 386–387
Stephanostema, 391, 404
stenocarpum, 394
Stephanotis, 391, 406
floribunda, 394
Stepwise algorithm, 312
Stethantyx sp., 477
Stictocardia, 741, 751
beravensis, 742
Stilbopinae, 477
Stilbops, 454
vetula, 477
Stöckler, Karen, Ian L. Daniel, and Peter J. Lockhart, New Zealand kauri (Agathis australis (D. Don) Lindl., Araucariaceae) survives Oligocene drowning, 827–832
Stokellia, 432–433, 436, 448
anisdon, 433–434
Stoneflies, 269
Stork, 616
Strategies to protect biological diversity and the evolutionary processes that sustain it, Craig Moritz, 238–254
Stratigraphic
characters, 166–169, 171, 174–175
consistency index, 177
fitness, 166–176
Stratigraphy, 169, 174, 176–191
Stratocladistics, 179
Stratophenetic tree, 910
Streblocera
(Asiastreblocera) olivera, 474
(Eutanycerus), sp., 474
Strempeliopsis, 402
Streptsiptera, 108
Strict consensus

method, 371
tree, 370, 377, 746
Strombosceriní, 764, 768–769
Strophanthus, 391, 404
eminii, 394
Struthio, 619–620
camelus, 601, 613, 616
Sturmbauer, Christian, *see* Salzburger, Walter,—
Sturnus vulgaris, 601, 613
Subsample tree, 668
Substitution
model, 158, 509, 513, 517–518, 741, 798, 830
rate matrix, 790–791
Subtree, 860, 867, 959
analysis, 667
Successive weighting analysis, 394
Succulent Karoo, 236, 317–330
Suchard, Marc A., Robert E. Weiss, Karin S. Dorman, and Janet S. Sinsheimer, Oh brother, where art thou? a bayes factor test for recombination with uncertain heritage, Suchard, Marc A., Robert E. Weiss, Karin S. Dorman, and Janet S. Sinsheimer, 715–728
Suina, 654, 660
Summary trees, 369–381
Sum of squared deviations (SSD), 602, 606
Supermatrix, 652–654
analysis, 659, 662
Supertree, 2–3, 136–150, 154, 652–654, 850, 855–865, 900–901, 959–979, 984
analysis, 653–655, 657, 659, 661
construction, 1, 3, 154
methods, 151
phylogenetic, 151
reconstruction, 136–138, 148
Surrogates, 331–363
spacial, 317–330
Swallow
barn, 601
European, 601
tree, 601
Swiderski, Donald L., *see* Sheets, H. David,—
Swofford–Olsen–Waddell–Hillis test, 509–523
Symbionts, 192
SYM model, 417
Symonds, Matthew R.E., Effects of topological inaccuracy in evolutionary trees on the phylogenetic comparative method of independent contrasts, 541–553
Synapomorphy, 482–483
Synapsids, 180
Syngaster lepidus, 475
Synthetic tree, 411
Syntomernus sp., 475
Syrmaticus mikado, 934, 945
Systematic data in biodiversity studies: use it or lose it, V.A. Funk and K.S. Richardson, 303–316
Systematics, 1, 235, 243, 255–275, 303, 317–330, 570–587
cladistic, 242
conservation, 332
molecular, 44–68, 69–91, 570–587
morphological, 69–91
phylogenetic, 855
planning, 332
techniques, 332
Systematists
morphological, 432
Szidat's Rule, 217
Szumik, Claudia A., Szumik, Fabiana Cuezzo, Pablo A. Goloboff, and Adriana E. Chalup, Optimality criterion to determine areas of endemism, 806–816

Tabernaemontana, 391, 397, 401
divaricata, 394
Tabernaemontaneae, 391, 401–404
Tabernanthe, 391, 401
iboga, 394
Tacazzea, 391
apiculata, 394
Tachygonini, 765
Tachygonus, 768, 785
lecontei, 765
Talaurinus, 768
subvittatus, 765, 785
Tanamous, 959
Tangachromis, 117
Tanganicodus irsacae, 115, 123–125
Tanglegram, 530
Tanymecina, 765
Tanymecus, 768
sp., 765
Tanysphyrini, 764
Tanysphyrus, 768, 785
lemnae, 764
Taoniscus, 959, 964–965, 976, 978
nanus, 965–966, 969
Tapeworms, 193
Taphaeus sp., 474
Tapinocephalus, 177, 191
Tatogastrinae, 452
Taxodium, 830
Taxon-based measures of fit, 176–191
Taxonomic
analysis, 900, 903
characters, 904
congruence, 151–154
hollow curves, 898–907
level, 844–854
Taxonomy, 69–91, 279, 317–330, 364–369, 384, 822–827, 828, 932
Linnean, 823, 825
phylogenetic, 389, 823
Taxon sampling, 2, 46, 94, 399, 411, 424, 588–598, 614–617, 619, 621, 623, 642, 664–665, 668, 750, 788, 802, 837, 881
Telmatochromis bifrenatus, 115, 124–125
Telosma, 406
Temnospondyli, 364, 367, 822–823
Temnospondyls, 364, 366, 368, 822
Templeton tests, 442, 660, 794

Tenebrio molitor, 763
Tenrecidae, 661
Tersilochinae, 477
Tertiary, 444, 830, 915, 954
Tesserocerini, 761, 766
Tests
  approximately unbiased, 492–508
  Bayesian, 510
  bootstrap probability, 492, 495
  chi-square, 434
  correlation, 900
  Edgington combined probability, 856–857
  Fisher's combined probability, 838–839, 844, 856
  incongruence length difference (ILD), 1, 13, 19–24, 28–30, 418, 420, 423, 435, 625–627, 793, 798–800
  Kishino–Hasegawa, 139, 142–143, 146–147, 440–442, 458, 467, 492–508, 793–794, 799
  Kolmogrov–Smirnov, 546
  Kruskal–Wallis, 606, 639–641
  likelihood ratio, 7, 99, 119, 161, 417, 421, 435, 513, 518, 617, 619, 703, 711, 790, 947, 951, 953
  Mann–Whitney, 920
  Mantel, 554, 560
  matrix correspondence, 563–564
  maximum likelihood, 1, 13–14, 217, 509, 517, 520
  monotone, 506
  nonparametric Shimodaira–Hasegawa, 1, 5, 14–15
  one-tailed, 869
  pairwise, 798
  parametric maximum likelihood, 5
  parsimony, 4–5
  parsimony PTP, 525–527
  partition homogeneity, 13–14, 97, 124
  permutation, 217–234
  phylogenetic, 829, 835, 905
  randomization, 524, 527, 840, 868, 898–907
  rank-based, 901
  rank-free, 899
  Shimodaira–Hasegawa, 51, 56, 59, 98, 121, 139, 436, 441, 458, 467, 492–508, 509–523, 574, 576, 617, 619, 793–794, 799–800, 830, 939
  single-node, 856
  signed-rank, 660
  statistical, 217–234, 509–523, 524–527, 640, 786, 790
  Swofford–Olsen–Waddell–Hillis, 509–523
  Templeton, 442, 660, 794
  trait evolution, 869–870, 891–892
  two-tailed, 660
  two-tailed binomial, 548
  whole tree, 857–858, 861, 863
  Wilcoxon paired-sample, 837–838
  Wilcoxon signed rank, 119, 121
  Zarkikh–Li, 492, 500, 502, 504
Tetrao, 930, 934–935, 937–939, 941
  parvirostratis, 932, 934, 945
  urogalloides, 932
  urogallus, 934, 945
Tetraoninae, 930–931
Tetrapoda, 364–369, 822–827
Tetrapods, 439, 485–486, 512
  evolution, 480
Tetrapod phylogeny, amphibian origins, and the definition of the name tetrapoda, Michel Laurin, 364–368
Tetrastes, 941
  mlokosiewiczi 942
  tetrix, 942
Thaleichthys, 433, 448
Thamnophiine snakes, 480
Thecesterninae, 778
Theory, 873–880
Therians, 487
  mammals, 487
Theridiosomatidae, 846, 849
Thevetia, 391, 402
  peruviana, 394
Three-gene tree, 638
Thoracochromis, 118
Thoracoplites sp., 475
Thorne, Jeffrey L. and Hirohisa Kishino, Divergence time and evolutionary rate estimation with multilocus data, 689–702
Thorpe, Roger S., Analysis of color spectra in comparative evolutionary studies: molecular phylogeny and habitat adaptation in the St. Vincent anole (Anolis trinitatis), 554–569
Three-dimensional analysis, 819
Thrinacinae, 92, 95, 107
Thrinax radiata, 95
Thymelacaceae, 284, 293
Thyreodon laticinctus, 477
Tilapiini, 114–115, 117, 123, 126, 129
Time-reversible Markov model, 729
Tinamidae, 959–979
Tinamiformes, 960
Tinaminae, 959, 966, 969
Tinamotidinae, 959, 966, 969
Tinamotis, 959, 965–967, 976, 978–979
  inagoufi, 961
  tinapentlandi, 973, 976
Tinamus, 959, 967–968, 970, 974, 977–978
  guttatus, 972, 976
  major, 965, 976–977
  major major, 972
  major robustus, 972
  osgoodi, 965–969
  osgoodi osgoodi, 972
  solitarius, 965, 976–977
  solitarius solitarius, 972
  tao, 976–977
  tao tao, 972
Tomicina, 766
Tomocerus sp., 512
Tonduzia, 401
Topological inaccuracy, 541–553
Total absolute change (TAC), 482–485
Total evidence, 151–152
  analysis, 153–154
  tree, 152

Total relative change (TRC), 482–485
Townesioninae, 452
Toxoneuron nigriceps, 473
Toxonotus, 768
  cornutus, 764
Trachelospermum, 391, 404–405
  jasminoides, 394
Trachycarpus, 98
  fortunei, 95
Trachypetinae, 475
Trachyphloeina, 764
Tragopan satyra, 933–935, 939, 945
Tranes, 768, 785
  lyteroides, 765
Transition/transversion bias, 627, 629, 633, 735
Transition/transversion (TI:TV) ratio, 21–24, 29, 67–68, 436, 439, 628, 767, 836, 934, 950
Transversion-weighted parsimony, 22, 618–622
Tree balance, time slices, and evolutionary turnover in cretaceous planktonic foraminifera, Katherine G. Harcourt-Brown, 908–916
Tree-bisect-reconnect (TBR), 460
  branch-swapping, 7, 49, 97–98, 138–139, 417–418, 455–456, 513, 518, 525, 575, 590, 617–618, 654, 769, 772, 790, 829, 965, 968
Tree of Life, 32
Trees (see also Phylogeny)
  accurate, 153
  Adams consensus, 374
  angiosperm, 836–837
  associate, 533
  avian, 512
  balance, 889–897, 908–916
  balance indices, 855–865
  Bayesian, 53, 577, 581, 954
  Bayesian consensus, 790, 794, 796, 800
  bifurcating, 33, 867–868, 879
  binary, 202
  birth–death, 885
  bootstrap consensus, 790, 795
  Camin–Sokal phylogenetic, 208
  candidate, 504, 521
  cestode, 193
  combined, 772
  combined data, 418, 426, 799
  complex, 668
  consensus, 97, 100, 153, 159, 374, 380, 394, 500, 524, 574, 579, 651, 790, 793, 795, 959
  constrained,
  constraint, 793
  correct, 537, 629
  eight-taxon, 38
  equally-parsimonious, 571
  ERM, 868, 870, 892–893
  evolutionary, 221, 541
  Fitch–Margoliash, 602, 606
  five-genus, 844
  five-species, 844
  gene, 244, 247, 410, 418, 420–421, 423, 538, 570–572, 576, 583, 800, 879, 930, 947
  haplotype, 76
  Heard's, 844
  imbalance index, 934
  inaccurate, 153
  individual, 813
  ingroup, 32
  intraspecies, 881
  Kitsch, 606
  large-scale, 822
  least squares, 622–623
  lentivirus, 533
  maximum likelihood, 12, 127, 417, 421, 425, 435, 492, 504, 514–516, 557, 559–560, 711, 829, 839, 933, 949, 951–952
  maximum parsimony, 100, 418, 440, 450, 455–458, 467, 557, 559–560, 584, 616–618, 628, 839, 845, 949, 952
  minimum evolution, 457
  minimum length, 418, 633
  mitochondrial, 421, 610, 615
  model, 591, 628, 634
  morphological, 772
  most-parsimonius, 21, 23, 52, 125, 127, 151–152, 371, 376, 394, 404, 421, 524, 746, 772, 798, 800
  ND1, 796
  near optimal, 588, 597
  neighbor-joining, 249–250, 602, 618
  NJ–JC, 59
  non-Markov, 893
  nonrejected, 499
  nonultrametric, 839
  nuclear gene, 421, 425, 615
  null, 514–516
  optimal, 153, 443, 451, 492, 517, 622, 654, 740, 794, 797–799, 813, 965
  orchid, 836
  organismal, 571, 583–584
  osteological, 968
  parsimony, 421, 772, 776
  pectinate, 584
  phylogenetic, 13, 32–33, 36, 38, 40–42, 44, 136–138, 155–158, 162–163, 167, 169, 199–216, 217, 220–221, 223, 230–232, 435, 537, 570, 588, 594, 602, 665, 690, 793–794, 799, 801, 833, 887, 891, 895, 908, 930
  phylogenetic nonbinary, 202
  population-level, 76
  primate, 533
  primary, 370, 372–373, 377
  pruned, 372, 376
  random, 159, 542, 545, 550, 633
  resolved, 376, 795
  rooted, 731
  sampling, 575
  shape (see also Colless's index), 833–834, 844, 855–865, 866–867, 871, 879, 885, 908
  source, 151–154, 652, 654–655, 657, 659, 661
  species, 529, 570, 581–582, 584, 947
  stratophenetic, 910
  strict consensus, 370, 377, 746
  suboptimal, 450, 458, 460, 467

subsample, 668
summary, 369–381
synthetic, 411
total evidence, 152
tRNA, 44, 47–49, 52
true, 492, 513, 517, 519–520, 543, 589–590, 595
ultrametric, 223, 840
unconstrained, 610, 794
unreticulated, 205
UPGMA, 417
vertebrate, 512
Wagner, 965, 968
whole, 833, 855–856, 858, 860, 863
Yule, 837, 839–840
Trematocara unimaculatum, 115, 125
Trematocarini, 115–117, 123, 126, 129
Trematochromis, 117
Triancyra sp., 477
Triaspis sp., 474
Triassic, 180
Trichomma sp., 475
Trichoptera, 385
Tricladida, 193
Triglachromis otostigma, 115, 124
Trigonalidae, 846, 849
Trigonotarsus, 768
rugosus, 764
Trioxys pallidus, 473
Trithrinax campestris, 95
tRNA, 510, 512, 516, 519, 704, 788
coding genes, 707
trnK, 382
trnL–trnF, 93, 97, 99–100
Trogonidae, 846, 849
Tromatobia oculatoria, 477
Tropheini, 115–117, 125, 127, 130–131
Tropheus, 131
duboisi, 115, 124
moorii, 115
Tropical rain forest, 898–907
Tropidostoma, 190–191
Tropiduridae, 985
Tropiniphorina, 765
Trout
brown, 258
brook, 258
cutthroat, 258, 260
rainbow, 258
True, John R., *see* Kopp, Artyom,—
True phylogeny, 545–548, 551, 874
True tree, 492, 513, 517, 519–520, 543, 589–590, 595
Tryphoninae, 477
Trypodendron, 768, 785
lineatum, 766
Tubulidentata, 377
Tucker, Priscilla K., *see* Lundrigan, Barbara L.,—
Turbina, 741, 751
cordata, 749
corymbosa, 749
Turkey, 601
Turnover, 908–916
Turtles, 620, 817, 819
painted, 616
Tweedia, 391, 406
coerulea, 394
Two-dimensional analysis, 819
Two-point registration, 817–822
Two-tailed
binomial test, 548
test, 660
Tylochromini, 115, 123, 126, 129
Tylochromis polylepis, 115, 125
Tylophora, 391, 406
sylvatica, 394
Tympanuchus, 930, 934–936, 937–939, 941
cupido, 935, 941–942
cupido attwateri, 935–936, 944
cupido cupido, 941
cupido pinnatus, 935–936, 944
phasianellus, 936, 944
Type I
error, 14, 207, 217, 221, 223, 225, 230, 232, 493, 496, 499, 505, 509–510, 514, 517–518, 521, 525–527, 541, 550, 635, 868, 913
family-wise error, 508
Type II error, 232, 521, 527, 543, 549, 619
Type I error rates of the parsimony permutation tail probability test, Mark Wilkinson, Pedro R. Peres-Neto, Peter G. Foster, and Clive B. Moncrieff, 524–527

Ulmaceae, 846, 849
Ultrametric trees, 223, 840
Unbiased (see Approximately unbiased test)
Unconstrained trees, 794
Uninformative characters, 772
Unionidae, 267
Unionids, 256–257, 267–270
Unitary characters, 555, 564
Unit weight analysis, 394
Units in biogeography, Bernhard Hausdorf, 648–651
Unreticulated tree, 205
Unweighted neighbor joining, 215
Unweighted parsimony (see Equally-weighted)
UPGMA tree, 417
Upper Cretaceous, 776, 778
Urodontinae, 762, 784
Urosigalphus, 454
sp., 474
Urticaceae, 284
US Endangered Species Act, 241, 271
Use of well-known names in phlyogenetic nomenclature: a reply to Laurin, Jason S. Anderson, 822–826
Using tree shape, Arne Ø. Mooers and Stephen B. Heard, 833–834
Ussurohelcon, 460–461
nigricornis, 474

Utility of the incongruence length difference test, F. Keith Barker and François M. Lutzoni, 625–637

Vadum sp., 474
Vahadenia, 391, 401
  caillei, 394
Vallesia, 391, 401–402
  antillana, 394
Variance-covariance matrix, 602, 820
Vascular plants, 700, 777, 779
Veitchia, 102
  sessilifolia, 96
Venturia canescens, 476
Verheyen, Erik, *see* Salzburger, Walter,—
Veronicaceae, 985
Vertebrate, 247–251, 256, 271, 318, 337, 339, 353–354, 356, 510, 516–517, 519, 554, 571–572, 577, 599, 608–609, 733, 846, 919–922, 926
  development, 478
  genomes, 610
  homeothermic, 603
  tree, 512
Vervet monkeys, 534
Vicariance, 648–652
Vidua, 617, 619–620
  chalbeata, 616
Vigna adenantha, 282–283
Vinca, 391, 401
  minor, 394
Vinceae, 399, 401–404
Vincetoxicum, 391, 406
  hirundinaria, 394
Vines, 740
Viola, 277
Violaceae, 277, 284
Viscaceae, 282

Wagner, Warren L., *see* Sakai, Ann K.,—
Wagner trees, 965, 968
Wajntal, Anita, *see* Pereira, Sérgio L.,—
Wallichia, 92, 108
Wallis, Graham P., *see* Waters, Jonathan M.,—
Washingtonia fillifera, 95
Waters, Jonathan M., Toshiro Saruwatari, Takanori Kobayashi, Ichiro Oohara, Robert M. McDowall, and Graham P. Wallis, Phylogenetic placement of retropinnid fishes: data set incongruence can be reduced by using asymmetric character state transformation costs, 432–449
Waterstriders, 269
Wax flowers, 390
Waxy, 740–753
W-chromosomes, 930–945
Webb, Campbell O. and Nigel C.A. Pitman, Phylogenetic balance and ecological evenness, 898–907
Weevils, 761–785
  ambrosia, 763
  bark, 763
  broad-nosed, 763, 778
  fungus, 763
  leaf-roller, 763
Weighted
  analysis, 654
  bootstrap, 394, 403
  characters, 769
  least-squares, 200, 202–204, 206, 214–215, 498
  parsimony, 432, 436, 746
  parsimony analysis, 747–748
Weiss, Robert E., *see* Suchard, Marc A.,—
Wendlandiella, 100
  polyclada, 95
Wesmaelia lizanoi, 474
Wettinia hirsuta, 96
Whale, 652–664
Whitfield, James B., *see* Cameron, Sydney A.,—
Whole tree, 833, 855–856, 858, 860–861, 863
  tests, 857–858, 861, 863
Whole-tree methods for detecting differential diversification rates, Kai M.A. Chan and Brian R. Moore, 855–865
Wiens, John J. and Tonya A. Penkrot, Delimiting species using DNA and morphological variation and discordant species limits in spiny lizards (*Sceloporus*), 69–91
Wikstroemia oahuensis var. *oahuensis*, 293
Wilcoxon
  paired-sample tests, 837–838
  signed rank test, 119, 121
Wildcard taxa, 369–381
Wild mice, 411
Wilkinson, Mark, Pedro R. Peres-Neto, Peter G. Foster, and Clive B. Moncrieff, Type 1 error rates of the parsimony permutation tail probability test, 524–527
Wilkinson, Mark, *see* Pisani, Davide,—
Willughbeia Roxb., 400–401
Willughbeieae, 399, 401–404
Wollemia, 829–830
Woody plants, 922–923
Wrightia, 391, 403–404
  arborea, 394
Wrightieae, 390, 396, 404
Wroughtonia sp., 474

Xanthocampoplex sp., 476
Xanthocryptus sp., 476
Xenotilapia sima, 115, 124
Xenopus laevis, 38
Xenoschesis sp., 476
Xiphocentron, 386–387
Xiphozele sp., 475
Xiphozelinae, 452–453, 475
Xorides
  (Cyanoxorides) sp., 477
  praecatorius, 477
Xoridinae, 463, 477
Xyloterina, 766

Yang, Ziheng, *see* Aris-Brosou, Stéphane,—
Y chromosome, 156
Yule
  distribution, 840
  expectation, 839
  process, 576, 704, 838
  trees, 837, 839–840

Zaglyptus sp., 477
Zebrafish, 575
  Zebra mussels, 256, 269
Zelditch, Miriam L., *see* Sheets, H. David,—
Zele, 453
  albiditarsis, 475
Zelomorpha sp., 473
Zharkikh–Li test, 492, 500, 502, 504
Zwickl, Derrick J. and David M. Hillis,
    Increased taxon sampling greatly reduces phylogenetic error, 588–598
Zwickl, Derrick J., *see* Pollock, David D.,—
Zygopini, 766